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PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FOREIGN.

The French Budget

IRISH ELECTIONS.

Doings of the Assembly.

English Democrats.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The Germans Evacuating.

COST OF THE COMMUNE.

Matters in Switzerland.

FRANCE.

GERMANS EVACUATING.

PARIS, July 20.—The Germans have evacuated the town of Reuxville, for the purpose of allowing invalids to visit their baths.

FRENCH BUDGET.

The French Budget, for 1871, has been reduced 124,000,000 francs, though the appropriations for the War Department are unaltered.

EXPLOSIONS.

Explosions continue in the powder manufactories at Vincennes.

A CANDIDATE.

Ledru Rollin announces himself a candidate for the first vacancy in the Assembly.

INCOME TAX.

The *Siecle* to-day contains an editorial favoring the imposition of an income tax.

OPENING LETTERS.

It has become known that Gambetta, during his dictatorship authorized the opening of private letters for the purpose of discovering who were inimical to his government.

STAMP DUTIES.

The Committee of Assembly upon the Budget has voted for the imposition of a stamp duty of 10 centimes on all bills amounting to more than 10 francs.

DEMANDED.

The Minister of Justice has demanded the resignation of M. Devisune.

MOBILIZATION.

The mobilization of the Mablots is projected by the Ministry.

IMPORTANT RESOLUTION.

VERSAILLES, July 20.—In the Assembly to-day Brinette moved a resolution that the Deputies who do not take their seats within a specified time be considered to have resigned. This is aimed at the Orleans princes.

MONARCHICAL DEMONSTRATION.

Monarchical demonstrations in the provinces are expected during the recess of the Assembly.

PROHIBITED

PARIS, July 20.—General Admeraulot prohibits elector meetings in Paris.

ENGLAND.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING

LONDON, July 20.—A meeting of the Democrats will be held at Hyde Park on Sunday next, the anniversary of the great reform demonstration of 1866, which was broken up by the police after a fierce conflict, in which the palings were broken down, much damage done and many persons hurt.

PAREPA ROSA.

Madame Parepa Rosa sails in the Scotia on Saturday, July 20th, for New York.

PRIZE PRESENTATION.

At a drill-meeting of the Wimbledon Rifles, prizes were distributed by Princess Louise to several representatives of the Canada volunteers who were the successful competitors, and have received their awards at the hands of her Royal Highness.

THE COST OF THE COMMUNE.

A letter from Paris says that thirty thousand persons, including six thousand women and children, were slaughtered in the suppression of the Commune. Ninety thousand prisoners have been captured and the police are hunting for fifty thousand men.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, July 20.—In the House of Commons this evening, Gladstone announced that the Queen had solved the purchase problem by cancelling the Royal warrant, legalizing thepurchase of commissions in the army. He declared that the House of Lords, though impugning the Government plan for its abolition, had failed to sustain the purchase system, hence the Ministers had advised Her Majesty to take action which effectually disposed of the question in accordance with the manifest will of the country. This declaration was received with vehement cheering in the house, but Disraeli and the Tory members generally were unable to dissemble their anger and bitterly denounced the arbitrary court of the government. Mr. Gladstone was defiant, and challenged the Opposition to move a vote of want of confidence. Earl Granville, in the House of Lords, announced the determination of the ministry to defend their policy. It is impossible to depict the scene in either House on the announcement of the fate of the purchase system. The Lords were deeply moved, to be decorus in the demonstrations. In the Commons astonishment, anger and uncertainty were all conceded. The Tories were confounded and their leaders puzzled to suggest what action should be taken at an event which they were hardly prepared for, notwithstanding the obscure foreshadowings in the *Standard* of yesterday and to-day. The opinion of all is that the action of the ministry is bold and even desperate, and the popular feeling is led to anticipate far reaching consequences on the Democratic sense.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

LONDON, July 20.—The passenger express train from Manchester for London ran off the track to-day. Several persons were injured, some of them seriously.

REJECTED.

The London Common Council has rejected the motion to give a banquet at Guild Hall to the Imperial and Royal visitors now in England.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVED.

LONDON, July 20.—The steamship The Queen, from New York, arrived at Liverpool.

CANADA.

COMMERCE WITH THE UNITED STATES

KINGSTON, Ont., July 20.—The Dominion Board of Trade has accepted an invitation from the National Board of Trade of the United States to appoint a committee to consider the subject of more beneficial commercial relations between the two countries

SUCCESSFUL.

QUEBEC, July 20.—The directors of the North Shore Railroad, who went to New York recently, were highly successful in negotiating the company's bonds.

THE ORANGEMEN.

TORONTO, July 20.—The Loyal Orange District Lodge of Toronto have appointed a committee to draft an address to Governor Hoffman and the Orangemen of New York expressive of their gratification at their action on the 12th instant. The Lodge further resolved to open subscriptions for the erection of an Orange hall to be called the Hoffman Commemoration Hall.

IRELAND.

ELECTION.

DUBLIN, July 20.—The election for member of Parliament in the county of Monoghan will unquestionably result in the return of Charles Powell Leslie, Conservative, and the former representative of the county. The voting is still progressing, but enough is known to justify the foregoing statement.

RIOTOUS PROCEEDINGS.

A mob three thousand strong entered the town of Monoghan this forenoon. Disturbances of a serious nature are threatened, and keepers of public houses have been ordered to close their establishments. Troops have been hastily dispatched to quell the anticipated riot.

MEXICO.

OPPOSING JUAREZ.

CITY OF MEXICO, via HAVANA, July 20.—The Lerdistas and Porfieristas are uniting to oppose Juarez, but the triumph of Juarez is considered certain.

RELIEF.

The Mexican Government is relieving the distressed Americans from Magdolena colony.

DENIAL.

The report that negotiations had been commenced to resume diplomatic relations with France is denied.

SPAIN.

MINISTERIAL.

MADRID, July 20.—The Ministers assembled this afternoon with the intention of tendering collectively their resignations to the King It is believed that the Cortez will adjourn until the ministerial crisis is over. The King is consulting with the leaders of the different parties with regard to the formation of an entirely new Cabinet.

SWITZERLAND.

IMPORTANT MEASURE.

BERNE, July 20.—The Council of State recommends that the Federal Council take measures to secure the agreement of the powers on the definitions of the rights and obligations of mutual powers binding in all.

GERMANY.

INDEMNITY ARRIVED.

BERLIN, July 20.—It is officially reported that 400,000,000 francs of the indemnity were received from France on the 15th inst., of which 12,000,000 were in Silver. 52,500,000 have arrived since the 15th.

HAYTI.

REVOLTED.

JACEMEL, HAYTI, June 23.—News from the northwestern frontier state that the town of Merea has revolted in favor of Luperon against Baez.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 20—5 P. M.—Consols 92¾. 5-20s '62, 92¾; do '65, 92¾; do '67, 91¾; 10-40s, 91¾.

PARIS, July 20.—Rents 55f 90c.

ANTWERP, July 20.—Petroleum 49.

LIVERPOOL, July 20.—Cotton firmer and in moderate demand at 9d. California wheat 11s 4d; spring 10s 10d@10s 3d; winter 10s. Lard 50s. Turpentine 48s.

LOUISVILLE.

Ku Klux Affairs.

LOUISVILLE, July 20.—Deputy Marshal Wyatt to-day brought in from Estelle county and lodged in jail here nine men charged with complicity in the recent Ku Klux affair in Estlle last Saturday night.

Four men attacked the house of Reuben and Martha Mason colored, six miles from Shelbyville. Reuben escaped, but the men entered and whipped Martha severely and left order for both to leave the neighborhood. On Tuesday night some men went to the same house and threatened to set it on fire, but Reuben shot at them and drove them off. John Myers, Louis Washburne and Wm. Keplinger were arrested for the offense, examined before a magistrate, and discharged today. They were brought before the United States Commissioner Beatty in this city and held to bail in $500 each, to answer the charge before the Federal Court.

EDITORIAL EXCURSION.

An excursion party of eastern agricultural editors arrived last night and left for the Mammoth Cave, where they will remain till Monday. There were seventeen in the party.

BLACKMAILING.

There was considerable talk here of a probable breach of promise suit for half a million, threatened to be brought against a prominent and wealthy business man of this city, by a lady known as once one of the gayest belles of Louisville.

PATENT INFRINGEMENT.

The United States Circuit Court, Judge Ballard presiding, has been occupied for a month with an important case, which was the suit of Joseph B. Gathwright against John H. Brand for infringement on a Gathwright patent, known as the Morgan side saddle tree. Brand was manufacturing a similar one here under the name of the Kentucky side saddle tree. Judge Ballard decided in favor of Gathwright, awarding $500 damages against the defendant. The case is of more interest on account of the fact that there are other cases of similarly offending, and an important suit is now pending in New York concerning the same wagan trees.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

In New Albany, yesterday afternoon, a countryman named Baldwin, while laboring under an attack of delirium tremens, drove his team down to the wharf, and walking into the water, deliberately attempted to drown himself by ducking his head under. A large crowd gathered on the wharf, when two policemen rescued him and took him home.

SCIENTIFIC.

The Louisville City Council to-night appointed a Committee to act in conjunction with a Committee of citizens to receive and show proper attention to the delegates of the National Association for the Advancement of Science, which proposes to visit this section next month, with a proviso that the city be at no expense.

OMAHA.

High School.

OMAHA, July 20.—At a special election held to-day, bonds of $100,000 for the completion of a High School was voted almost unanimously.

CONVENTION.

The Constitutional Convention in session at Lincoln, have fixed the salary of the Governor at $4,000, the Secretary of State and Auditor at $2,000; Treasurer at 2,500, and the Attorney General at $2,000. As the salary of the Governor heretofore has been but $1,000 per annum add other State officers in proportion, this increase is supposed to be an inducement to honesty.

COMPLETED.

The Atcheson and Nebraska Railroad is completed to Rulo, Nebraska.

SHOOTING SCRAPE.

Two men keepers of a liquor den at School Creek, Nebraska, had a row in which Bill Flynn, shot Rodger Mullen in the cheek. Mullin was taken to Lincoln, and died their yesterday. The murderer has not yet been arrested.

THE WAR PATH.

Last accounts from Fort Fetterman represent Red Cloud and his party making ready for the war path, and that he has already got out his small stealing parties bringing in stock.

UNDER PROGRESS.

The trial of Nourse, the leader who killed two of his companions, is under progress at Cheyene, with nine men and three married women as the jury. The husbands and children of the lady jurors made an ineffectual effort to get the lady jurors released from custody during the night of the 17th.

IOWA.

Terrible Storm.

SIOUX CITY, July 20.—Correctionville, in this county, was visited by a terrible storm of wind and hail on Tuesday night. The house of a Mr. Baldwin was blown into fragments, and his furniture, clothing, etc., blown away. Fences were prostrated, trees wrenched up by the roots, and all the windows on the north side of the houses in the track of the storm were broken by hail. The crops suffered severely. The grain was blown right into the ground, and many fields entirely ruined. Several farmers had commenced harvesting, and the cut grain was scattered like chaff and lost beyond all recovery.

AKRON, OHIO.

Accidentally Shot.

AKRON, July 20.—This evening Christian Meertz, a young man seventeen years old, was accidentally shot dead by a room mate named Decorbey, who was showing him how he would act were he called upon too use a revolver in self defense.

NEW YORK.

Orangemen's Meeting—Irish Indignation—Tennie C. Claflin Again—Arrived — Pryor's Funeral — Processions—A Censure—A Denial—Comptroller's Report—Police Aid—Seaquake—Woman Arrested.

NEW YORK, July 20, 1871.

ORANGEMEN'S MEETING.

At a meeting of the Gideon Loyal League of Orangemen last night, a resolution was adopted thanking Gov. Hoffman, the military and the police for the protection afforded during the parade last Wednesday.

IRISH INDIGNATION.

At an indignation meeting of the Irish-American citizens of the Nineteenth ward last night, Stephen J. Meany, in a speech, said: "How can we avenge the blood of the men which has been shed? How are we to secure proper protection in this country for men of our own race? Shall the Orangemen and Know Nothings rule this city?" "Never," said the speaker, "shall the scenes of Wednesday last be permitted again. When he saw the dead on Thursday his blood curdled in his soul, and he prayed to God that he would live to see the day when the act would be avenged. (Cheers) It was hard to see armed ruffians striking down innocent men and women for the crime of looking upon these foolish Orangemen. Women had been made widows and children orphans, for the caprice of one man in Albany, who came to New York to revoke the humane order of the Mayor. (A voice, "hang him on a lamp post.") Meany, "No, no, my friend; but I pledge myself that every drop of blood that was shed on that day shall be legally avenged if there be a law in New York. Never again shall such an occurrence be permitted in New York. Never again shall organized ruffians be allowed to insult Irish citizens who have fought to uphold the Constitution of the United States. [Cheers.] The Legislature must prohibit such processions in the future, said he. He said a prospectus would soon be issued in Williamsburg to obtain the names of native-born Americans to organize an order to be called the United Sons of America. It cannot do less than the English House of Commons, which prohibits Orange processions in Ireland. When was an Orangeman found fighting the battles of the Union? The Hibernians and Catholics kept aloof from the parade that day; if they had not done so there would be a different story to tell. If the law does not vindicate itself, then I may say something else to you at another time. Governor Hoffman should never receive the votes of Irishmen. Never! Never!"

DENIES.

John Boylan, in a letter to the Newark, N. J., *Advertiser* denies that Gen. McQuade was sent by Governor Hoffman to see Mayor Hall on Monday morning before the riot, or that he saw the Mayor at all that morning. This information Mr. Boylan intimates he has from General McQuade himself. Mr. Boyle adds: General McQuade told me to write to Governor Hoffman a long letter on Monday night, and advised him to come to New York, as he anticipated trouble. He says at that time (Monday night) he had no knowledge of Hall's proclamation suspending the Orange parade, consequently he did not write anything of the kind to Hoff man

A SEA QUAKE.

The ship Don Quixote, from Calcutta, reports that on June 10, at 4:20 A. M., latitude 20 deg 30 min south, longitude 14 deg 40 min. west, they experienced a heavy "sea quake," which caused the ship to tremble violently. The motion seemed to be from east to west, and lasted some seconds. In about fifteen minutes we had another shock, not so violent as the first, but which lasted longer. The sensation was as though a ship was moving over a rough bottom, and at that time was southeast by east, and moderate though for some days before it had been continually shifting. All day following the shocks the sea was agitated with a heavy roll, but there had been no wind sufficient to cause such a rough sea.

WOMAN ARRESTED.

A lady calling herself Mrs. Hortenz Watson, alleged to be the wife of Judge Watson, of California, was prosecuted today by Colman Maey, proprietor of Coleman House, for a hotel bill. Her counsel produced letters to prove that she was the wife of Judge Watson, and said she did not intend to defraud the hotel people, but that she was disappointed in a remittance from California. Justice Hanlon, sent her to the penitentiary for two months, she swooned when removed to the prison.

PRYOR'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of Walter R. Pryor of the Ninth regiment, shot during the riot took place to-day from Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church. The Rev. Mr. Flagg, Chaplain of the regiment officiated. Mrs. Pryor, the actress, mother of the deceased and many theatrical people attended. Detachments of the Ninth, Twelfth, Twenty second and Seventy ninth regiments and the police escorted the body to Woodlawn cemetery.

PROCESSIONS.

The Board of Aldermen to-day appointed a special Committee to draft and report an ordinance to define and regulate the use of streets, roads, avenues and public places in this city for the purpose of public processions other than funeral corteges and pageantry other than of military, organized in pursuance with the laws of this State.

COTTON EXCHANGE.

The Cotton Exchange is examining a location for a mammoth storehouse for cotton, to lessen the expense of carting, sampling and storage. A storehouse for one hundred thousand bales will probably be erected at Brooklyn dock, where ships can unload and load.

ELEPHANTS ARRIVED.

The bark Nehemiah, of Boston, arrived to-day from Calumbs, Ceylon, with ten elephants, in charge of Mr. Charron, and three natives. Mrs. Geo. W. Prescott, wife of the United States Consul Agent in Ceylon, is a passenger.

COMPTROLLER'S REPORT.

The Comptroller of Public Parks states the cost of the land of the Central Park as $666,381. Expenditures for improvement of the park from May 1st, 1857 to January 1871, $6,330,732.

POLICE AID.

The trustees of the riot relief fund organized to relieve the wounded policemen of 1863 have given $10,000, in amounts varying from $800 to $200, to the policemen wounded in the riot of July 12

A CENSURE.

At a Convention of the Catholic Temperance societies to-night a motion censuring the military for firing on the 12th inst., was voted down.

TENNIE C. AGAIN.

Tennie C. Claflin publicly announces herself as a candidate for Congress from the Eighth District of this city.

ARRIVED.

The steamship England, from Liverpool has arrived.

NEWPORT.

Miss Phœbe Carey.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 20.—Miss Phœbe Carey arrived at Newport last week, accompanied by Miss Ryalls. She has been in ill health for some time, and hopes to recuperate herself by the sea. She had been here but a day when she was taken seriously ill, and has lain almost at the point of death since. Her nervous system is prostrated wholly, caused by eighteen months' care of her sister and the great grief she experienced at her death. Her physicians have no hope of her recovery.

HARRISBURG.

Bold Robbery

HARRISBURG, July 20.—A very bold robbery has come to light, by which it is alleged a traveler stopping at the depot in this city was robbed of a satchel containing a hundred and fifty thousand dollars. He had carelessly left the bag under the seat of the car while he went to get some refreshment. No trace of the robber has been discovered.

The President.

LONG BRANCH, July 20.—President Grant returned from Poughkeepsie this afternoon, when he witnessed the exhibition drill of the Forty-seventh regiment of Brooklyn.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

Condurango.

THE WEATHER.

Internal Revenue Reports.

THE KU KLUX.

Treasury Matters.

KENTUCKY CLAIMS.

Revenue Reports.

WASHINGTON, July 20, 1871.

TREASURY MATTERS.

The Solicitor of the Treasury is expected to deliver to Secretary Boutwell his opinion on a very important question now pending before the Treasury Department. It will be remembered that an order from Commissioner Pleasonton instructing the assessors and collectors of the Internal Revenue, not to assess or collect tax on dividends for the last five months of 1870, was revoked on the 16th of May, under the ruling of the Attorney General. Collectors and assessors were directed to govern themselves accordingly in assessing and collecting the tax embraced within the scope of the decision. When this order was announced, protests against its enforcement were sent to the Secretary of the Treasury from all the leading railroad corporations and banking institutions throughout the country, and it was represented that the dividends and interest on the coupons had already been paid without deducting the Government tax; and that it was done in obedience to the order of Commissioner Pleasonton. Now that they have no way of securing themselves in case the government exacts the tax, while the act for which they must be held liable, is that of the Government official whose authority they have no right to question. The case presented to the Solicitor was a novel one, and upon his decision rests the suspension or collection of tax, while the Attorney General has construed the act of July 14, 1870, so as to make railroad and insurance companies liable to tax for the last five months of the year 1870; yet it is a question which may eventually have to be settled by the courts, whether the Government is not bound by the acts of its officials and the collection of the tax be declared illegal.

KU KLUX.

J. C. Morr's, formerly of Warren county, Georgia, but now a resident of Canta, in that State, testified before the Ku Klux Committee to-day that he was elected Sheriff of Warren county in 1866, served one year, but was compelled to leave the country by an organized band of Ku Klux. He was under examination for five hours, during which he said on one occasion he was met and waylaid by disguised men and shot at and badly wounded. He gave a circumstantial account of the killing of Dr. Darden, who had been put into jail to await trial for murder. The doctor was taken out by disguised men, who burned the jail in order to reach the prisoner. They forced him to surrender to them a pistol in his possession, and led him forth and shot him dead. This was in 1864. While attempting to make arrests of guilty parties, the witness was forced to flee from the county. None of them have been tried or punished. The witness detailed various instances of outrages. He and others had sheltered six or seven men who had escaped the threats of Ku Klux and afterwards run them off to a place called Dering. There they were seized by disguised men. One of the fugitives escaped, but his comrades were murdered. Witness also gave an account of the circumstances attending the murder of State Senator Atkins, on his return from Washington, by disguised men. There had been no murders in the county to-day, but the feeling was bitter. The People, however, are in great terror, and fear for their lives. Large numbers of colored men have gone to Mississippi, Louisiana and other States, where they deem they will be more secure.

THE WEATHER.

The area of lowest barometer, which was on Wednesday over Delaware, has moved northeastward to the Bay of Fundy, and the barometer has risen very generally from Illinois to the gulf and to New England. The pressure has fallen somewhat this afternoon on Gulf coast. The temperature has fallen slightly on the middle Atlantic coast and from Alabama to Louisiana and northward to Illinois, Northeasterly winds and clear or cleaning weather prevails in the middle Eastern States and westward to Mississippi. Threatening and rainy weather is reported West of Indiana. Heavy rains have been reported from Louisiana to North Carolina.

Probabilities.—It is probable the barometer will fall somewhat, with threatening weather and rain by Thursday night, from Georgia to Mississippi, and that brisk northeasterly winds will be experienced to-night on Lake Superior and Northern Michigan. Threatening weather with light rain will probably extend eastward to Lake Michigan on Friday. Partially cloudy and pleasant weather is probable for the lower Lakes and the Ohio Valley and eastward to the Atlantic.

REORGANIZING.

The Union Republican Resident Executive Committee are now engaged in reorganizing the Republican party in North Carolina, and in efforts to defeat the Constitutional Convention movement in that State. Many documents are sent hither from their room in this city in aid of the work.

KENTUCKY CLAIMS.

Representative Beck and the Adjutant General of Kentucky had an interview with Secretary Boutwell to-day about the Kentucky claims. The only question in controversy is the fact as to whether the troops furnished by that State were actually mustered into the service of the United States.

THE NEW LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury has received a letter from Judge Richardson who speaks rather encouragingly of the prospects of negotiating the new loan in England, although there is nothing specific on that point.

CUNDURANGO.

Dr. Bliss, in a long communication to-day, details the progress of experiments in relation to cundurango and pays his respects to the various parties concerned in the recent action of the Medical Association.

DEFALCATION.

Governor Reed, of Florida, is here looking after the defalcation of eight thousand dollars in the Jacksonville Postoffice. The money was taken by the money order clerk. The Postmaster has made good the amount to the Government.

EXONERATED.

Secretary Boutwell to-day examined into the Savannah Custom House defalcation, and fully exonerated Collector Robb from all blame, his deputy making a full confession of appropriating the missing funds.

SENTENCED.

Judge Humphries this morning sentenced Dr. T. T. Sherman, recently found guilty of manslaughter, by producing an abortion, to labor in the Albany penitentiary for two years and six months.

MAUCH CHUNK.

Explosion.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., July 20.—The engine Vulcan on the Lehigh Valley Railroad blew up at Coalport this morning. The engineer, fireman and four train men were killed. Four bodies in a terribly mangled condition have been found, but cannot be recognized. The two others, supposed to be the engineer and fireman cannot be found and must have landed in the Lehigh river and swept away.

CINCINNATI.

Railroad Matters.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—About three months ago a Railroad Company was organized here known as the Kentucky and Great Eastern, with Colonel S. Morton, of New York, as President, J. Hodder as Vice President, and besides these, as Directors, General Tremont, General Banks, of Massachusetts, Judge Cutler, of Marietta, J. M. Duke, of Maysville, Kansas, and T. Brady, of Pittsburgh. This was ostensibly to construct a railroad from Cincinnati to Cattettsburg, Kentucky, under a charter granted by the legislature last year. This they did not attract much attention. It now appears that it was but a small part of the purpose, that the real plan was to build another railroad from Cincinnati to New York city through Kentucky, and across West Virginia to Point of Rocks, Virginia; thence by roads now constructing through York and Reading, Pennsylvania, to the eastern terminus. It is stated that the company has purchased the franchise and property of the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad, which is to become a part of the line. Those in interest claim that this will be by measurement one hundred and twenty miles shorter from Cincinnati to New York than the route by the Pennsylvania Central, the shortest existing line in equaling distances by reason of curves and grades —little less than two hundred miles shorter. It is announced that work will be commenced in Kentucky within three months, that the line to New York will be finished in less than three years. It appears the same parties are interested in the new movement to finish the old tunnel partly constructed through the hills north of the city, the contract for which has doubtless been made, this part of project being intended to furnish northwestern connections.

SHORT OF FUNDS.

The Auditor of the State of Kentucky has issued circulars to persons enclosing claims to him that the condition of the Treasury forces him to cease auditing claims till the exchequrer is replenished from collections.

THE FESTIVITIES.

The procession with decorated wagons, bands of music marched through the streets, proceeding afterwards to Linwood Park, where at one o'clock the banquet occurred. Toasts were responded to by J. J. Walchman, of Cincinnati, W. E. Foster, of Virginia; James Young, of Baltimore; Wm. Graw, of Pennsylvania; D. S. Bairdwolf, of Maryland; Hon. Antony Lamboln, of Louisiana; C. Moehring, of New York.

SUIT INSTITUTED.

Z. E. Simmons, who claims ownership in the wheels, tubes and numbers of the Kentucky lotteries, has instituted a suit against Deputy Marshal Berry Hardin, who made the seizures for the recovery of the implements, for three thousand dollars damages.

OVERRULED.

Judge Swing, of the United States District Court, to-day overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of the United States against Joseph Frizell, late Collector of the Fourth Ohio District.

BURGLARS.

Burglars made a descent on Urbana, Ohio, last night.

IMPORTANT MEETING.

A large and important meeting in the in the interest of the Scioto Valley Railroad was held in Chillicothe to-day. It is said the building of the road is assured.

FELL.

A special to the *Gazette* states that the Davis Creek bridge on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, fives miles west of Charleston, West Virginia, fell this afternoon at two o'clock, while the workmen were putting on the permanent timbers. Thirteen workmen were precipitated below, of which two were killed and one wounded, who will probably die to-night. Several others were injured, part dangerously.

VALLANDIGHAM MONUMENT.

A movement is actively progressing at Dayton to erect a monument to the memory of Vallandigham.

RAPE CASE.

David Evans, a carpenter on the steamer General Buell, was arrested to-day charged with committing or attempting to commit rapes on three little girls aged from 10 to 12 years. The girls identified him to-day after arrest. The details as related by the children are of a most shocking nature. They say he lured them into a lumber yard when he violated the person of the oldest, while he held the other two by their dresses to prevent their escape and then, with a knife in his hand, threatened to kill them if they revealed anything. The act, it is said, occurred three weeks ago and only came to light by the mother of the violated child discovering one night by accident the lacerated parts. The matter has been in the hands of the authorities for several days, and kept quiet until the arrest could be made. Evans resides here and has an estimable family, and his friends are gravely surprised at the revelation and says he knows nothing about it. Whether he will be able to exonerate himself from the terrible charge will doubtless soon appear.

THE EAST.

An Earthquake Shock.

PORTLAND, July 20.—A distinct shock of an earthquake, lasting three or four seconds, was experienced in this city, at one o'clock this morning. Several persons in the streets felt the ground tremble beneath their feet and heard buzzing in the air. The shock passed from north to southeast.

Providence.—A slight shock of an earthquake was felt here this morning.

SACO, ME., July 20.—The cities of Saco and Biddeford were pretty well shaken by an earthquake at one o'clock this morning. The people generally were awakened and alarmed, but no particular damage has been done.

BRUNSWICK, ME, July 20.—A severe earthquake shock was felt here at one o'clock this morning. All persons awake at that hour say that it was the most violent shock they ever experienced.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., July 20.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt in this city about one o'clock A. M. The windows and crockery rattled, beds shook, plastering in the jail fell, and a night workman in one of the breweries ran out very much frightened.

CONCORD, July 20.—There was a very heavy shock of earthquake at one o'clock this morning, accompanied by a deep, heavy, rumbling noise, and passed from north to south, and the church bell was rung. Reports from different parts of the State indicate that it was very general

CONNECTICUT.

Women to be Admitted to College.

HARTFORD, July 20.—At a business meeting of the Alumni of the Wesylean University, held at Middletown yesterday, a resolution was passed declaring that there was nothing in the charter which excludes ladies from the privileges of the institution, and expresses the hope that they will avail themselves of the opportunities afforded them. One young lady contemplates seeking admission this year, and it is thought that before long quite a number of women will be admitted.

ST. PAUL.

Killed.

ST. PAUL, July 18.—David Wright was killed by the cars at N. P. Junction last night.

PROBABLE SUICIDE.

An unknown man, employed on the farm of Caspar Oehrlis, near St. Paul, was found with his throat cut. Probably a suicide.

GRASSHOPPERS.

Grasshoppers are reported to be destroying the crops on the frontier.

TERRE HAUTE.

Suicide.

TERRE HAUTE, July 20.—George Mc Henry, a respectable Irishman, thirty-eight years old, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. The affair occurred in the backroom of a lined store, of which the deceased was one of the proprietors. He leaves a wife and six children, in good circumstances. He left letters that are supposed to explain the cause of his self-destruction, but their contents will not be made public.

—Dr. Henry G. Lee, who for thirty-seven years past has been a prominent physician at Lockport, Indiana, died at his residence yesterday morning.

ST. LOUIS.

The Indian Service.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—Hon. N. T. Turney of Circleville, Ohio, arrived in this city on his way to Dakota Territory on special duty connected with the Interior Department and the Indian service. Hon. John S. Delano, chief clerk of the Interior Department at Washington, is also here. He arrived upon a tour of inspection and will remain a few days.

BAGGAGE STEALING.

On last Monday week, Wm. B. Grimes of Matamoras, Mexico, left here for his home via. Iron Mountain Railroad. On arrival at Belmont, opposite Columbus, Ky., he discovered that one of his trunks, containing some $1,500 of his wife's clothing and jewelry, had disappeared, and that a small, inferior affair was substituted bearing a duplicate of his check. He immediately returned to this city and laid the matter before the railroad officials, who put it in the hands of the police. Yesterday detective Hampton discovered the trunk in the possession of James Wischard, Medical Steward of the Arsenal, who said he was keeping it for a man named Owen Hogan, and did not know that it had been stolen. Hogan was then found and all the property recovered. Hogan and Wischard were locked up; also, the baggage man at the Iron Mountain Railroad depot, named Gibson, who admitted he had received the trunk and knew of the substitution which he says was made by Hogan.

A LINCOLN MONUMENT.

A dispatch from Springfield, Illinois, says the Lincoln Monument Association had a meeting yesterday to ascertain their financial condition. It was found they could pay for the monument as it is, the bronze statue of Lincoln, and for the grading of the grounds. This will leave the four groups of statuary as they were contemplated in the original design, not provided for the purposes of the association has been to build just so far as they could pay. This they have done, and are now out of debt. The groups of statuary will cost $50,000, and will be bought if the money can be raised.

ROBBED.

The safe of W. R. Hunter, a merchant of Ashland, Illinois, was robbed last Tuesday of about two thousands dollars in greenbacks.

SHOT DEAD.

Two men named Palmer and Powell, living at a place called Narrowfork, Rogers county, Missouri, had a difficulty some days ago in regard to Palmer's wife, from which Palmer had separated, but between whom a reconciliation had taken place. Next day Powell met Palmer and shot him dead.

REVENGE.

The Sedalia *Bazzo* says on the morning of the 7th John Clark shot and killed John Williamson in the neighboring town of Windsor. It appears that Clark was paying his addresses to Williamson's sister, against her father's wishes and that words had passed between him and young Williamson who had a day or two before broken up the clandestine meetings between him and Miss Williamson. On the morning of the 17th, young Clark went to Williamson's house and desired to speak to him. Williamson declined to hear what he had to say, and after a few words Clark drew a revolver and began firing. After the second shot from Clark, Williamson drew a pistol and fired one shot without effect. He then received the shot from Clark in the breast and died in an hour. Both are quite young, highly respected and of good families.

A BRUTAL FATHER.

The Eureka, Kansas, *Herald* learns that a Scotchman, name unknown, was living on a claim in Wilson county with two children. He went away to work and was gone some days. On his return he flew into a passion because he thought the girl had eaten too much meat during his absence and seized a bone and beat her brutally. He left again, and while away the boy beat the girl so badly that she died. The boy is only nine years old and the girl six. The man and boy are in custody.

HURRICANE.

A hurricane passed over Bellevue, Kansas, on the 18th, and blew down houses and trees in its track, and scattered the crops in every direction, doing a great deal of damage.

A NEGRO SHOT

At Denver, Colorado, on Saturday night, Jim Hill, a pastry cook in the Broadwell, shot and instantly killed a negro named Elijah Williams.

SERVE HIM RIGHT.

Jacob Baughman, a constable of Campbell township, Green county, Missouri, was shot and dangerously wounded to-day while attempting to arrest a desperado named Armstrong. After being wounded, Baughman shot Armstrong, killing him instantly.

THE RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, July 20.—River nine feet and falling. Arrived—Champion, St. Louis Weather clear and very cool.

LOUISVILLE, July 20.—River risen two inches and still rising slowly with five feet in chute and four feet five inches in canal. Weather clear and cool, and business more brisk. Arrived—Edinburg, R. C. Gray, Cincinnati: Texas, New Orleans. Departed—R. C. Gray, Edinburg, New Orleans. Canal was closed at six o'clock. The Texas will go into docks at Madison to be lengthened thirty feet. Petrel and barges and Pomeroy with salt came in and started back. The dredge boat having Highbee with five empty flats passed up to Cincinnati.

NEW ORLEANS, July 20.—Arrived—John Kyle, St. Louis. Departed—H. S. Turner, Louisville, James Howard, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 20.—Arrived—Mollie Moore, Sioux City; Marble City, Memphis; Harry Johnson and Lake Superior, Keokuk; Capital City, Kansas City; Fanny Lewis, Cambridge; Friendship, Lower Mississippi; Natchez, New Orleans. Departed—Olive Branch and Bee and barges, New Orleans; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg; Harry Johnson, Keokuk; Northwestern, St. Paul; Utah, Peoria; St. Louis, Jefferson City; Alice, Kansas City; Friendship, Lower Mississippi. River falling. Weather clear and pleasant.

VICKSBURG, July 20—Down—Bismarck, 5 A. M. Up—Richmond, 1 A. M. Weather warm and clear. River falling.

MEMPHIS, July 20—Weather clear and pleasant. River falling slowly. Down—Belle St. Louis and H. C. Yeager

CAIRO, July 20.—Commonwealth, Evansville to St. Louis, 11 P. M.; City of Chester, St. Louis to Memphis, 1 A. M.; Arkansas Belle, Evansville packet, 3; Decatur, St. Louis to New Orleans, 6; Florence, Memphis to St. Louis, noon; City of Cairo, Vicksburg to St. Louis, 1 P. M.; Grand Tower, St. Louis to Memphis, 6; Spray, Louisville to Cairo, 8. River stationary. Weather clear. Mercury 82.

EVANSVILLE, July 20.—Weather fine and pleasant. River stationary. Up—Fayette, 8 A. M.; John Lumsden, 2 P. M. Down—Morning Star at 1:30 P. M.; Mary Ament at 1:30; Eddyville at 7.

NASHVILLE, July 20.—River rising; two and a half feet on Harpeth Shoals. Weather fair and pleasant. Arrived—Umpire from Cairo. Departed—Umpire for Cairo.

A Most Singular Railway.

A novel tramway or railroad has been lately built in Turkey by an English engineer, the propelling power of which is not steam, but animal, horses or mules being employed. A single rail is laid on sleepers, and the carriage has wheels in the center on the same longitudinal line. Through the cars runs a ballance pole, the two ends of which, projecting three feet or more, are securred to saddles on the backs of mules. The animals will thus be one on each side of the load, in stead of in front as ordinarily. It would be impossible for the cart to turn over, because, in order to do so, it would have to force one mule to the ground and lift the other in the air and, moreover, as the floor would only be six inches above the rails, an overtip would be of no account. All the weight in the cart, if evenly distributed, would bear upon the rail, and the animals, having no loads on their backs, would be able to exert considerable traction power. The inventor not only suggests its employment for military purposes, but also for tramway's in large cities and says that, where space is very valuable, a horse or mule on only one side of the cart would be sufficient. In towns, on bridges, and other important places, the rail might, for a short distance, be dispensed with and the passenger vehicles should be fitted with a small friction wheel on either side, so that if a horse should fall down, the balance of the carriage would remain undisturbed.

THE STATE.

BLACKBERRIES are twenty cents a gallon in Washington.

THE Colorado potatoe bug—the saddest of the year, as Mr. Warner says, has appeared in Washington county.

THE barn of Mr. W. Patchell of Canoe township, Indiana county, was struck by lightning on Friday last, the 4th inst.

MR. JOHN BYERS, of Flatwood, Fay

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1871.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
DAVID STANTON, of Beaver Co.
SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBT. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill Co.

COUNTY.

STATE SENATORS:
JAMES L. GRAHAM,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS.
ASSEMBLY:
First District—JAMES TAYLOR.
Second District—M. EDWARDS.
Third District—JOHN GILFILLAN,
D. N. WHITE,
H. K. SAMPLE,
J. W. BALLANTINE,
ALEX. MILLAR.
CONTROLLER—HENRY WARNER.
TREASURER—SAMUEL KIGGORE.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—THOMAS M. BAYNE.
ASSIST. DISTRICT ATTORNEY—J. B. FLACK.
COMMISSIONERS—JOSEPH DILWORTH,
JAMES McCUNIGLE.
SURVEYOR—ROBERT CLUGSTON.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR—J. G. MURRAY.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¼@112¾.

A SERIOUS RIOT is reported as having taken place at Vienna, on Sunday last, between the Socialists and the Ultramontanes. The former attacked the latter, and many people were injured. As in the New York riot, the military assisted the police in quelling the rioters.

IT IS announced that Prince Frederick William has left Ems, where he had been summoned by his royal father, and will proceed to England, where he will be the guest of Victoria at her summer residence at Osborne. So much for the recent story that he had been snubbed in England.

THE New York *World* terms Grant "our Holiday President." Fitting appellation. He has given Democrats many holidays already out of office, and proposes to furnish them with four years' more rest from the arduous duties pertaining to the administration of the affairs of the nation after 1872.

QUEEN VICTORIA has made the Emperor of Brazil a Knight of the Garter. The latter is on a visit to London with his family, and is said to be doing the city, in a truly Democratic way. He is stopping at one of the hotels, preferring that, to a residence at one of the Queen's palaces—sensible man.

SENATOR CARPENTER has succeeded in making himself still more ridiculous in his search for some tribunal before which to arraign the newspaper correspondents who stole away the copy of the treaty of Washington. It is a great pity that some wise men do never discover follies into which they fall.

THE telegraph informs us that a large meeting was held in London recently, for the purpose of "considering the question of the erection of a monument to William Shakespeare upon the Thames embankment," Mr. Hepworth DIXON, made an eloquent speech and was the master spirit of the occasion.

GRANT still holds forth at Long Branch—not the first long branch he has used for a healthy purpose. Can our Democratic friends see the joke?—GAZETTE.

For one we fail to see even the semblance of a joke.—*Post.*

Oh! we forgot, the *Post* and its friends don't view the lashing that Grant inflicted on them in the light of a joke, of course they don't. The *branch* he used then, had too many *thorns* in it. It hurt.

AT a meeting of the Lincoln Club, held yesterday, a cordial invitation was extended to General Grant to pay our city a visit whilst on his western tour. He is expected to pass through the city in the latter part of August, and our citizens will give him a warm reception, should he accept the invitation. We hope he will find it suitable to comply, and give his many friends here an opportunity to pay their respects.

A BILL has passed the Brazilian Senate, authorizing a loan of $30,000,000 and imposing a tax on imports of four per cent. ad valorem. France has also placed an additional tariff on imported goods, and both have done so to help build up their manufactures by taxing those of other nations. This is the true policy; build up our own workshops, and pay out our wages to our own workmen; thus we will increase our own wealth and population, and consequ ntly the demand for agricultural products.

THE *Post* in referring to the Union meeting held in 1860 at City Hall, does great injustice towards Hon. George Wilson, who in his capacity as Mayor at that time presided over the meeting. When a riot was threatened and after all attempts to establish order had failed, Mayor Wilson did order the assembly to disperse and the gas to be extinguished. He did so to preserve order, and prevented what might have been a fearful and bloody riot. At that time his action was almost universally commended, and it is quite the thin thing to refer to it at this late period.

THE CROWN PRINCESS of Prussia, in thanking the press correspondents, for their truly meritorious services during the recent war, has done a very clever thing, in a very graceful way. After inviting them to her palace, in the presence of the Royal family, she expressed her thanks on behalf of all the people, in a neat and lady-like speech. The services of war correspondents cannot be overestimated, as they usually bring the first reliable tidings of each battle, and often in their death lists furnish the proofs, which bring joy or sorrow to the loved ones at home; joy for those whose names are not on the lists, and sorrow for the dead.

AND NOW, after having proved that the New York riot was caused by very nearly everything else under the sun, the poor, faltering Philadelphia *Age* has come out and blamed it on the militia altogether. It says:

"Had the police alone, with their efficient but not deadly weapons, been left in sole charge of the parade, it might have passed off without bloodshed. But the militia, armed with loaded muskets, sent their death-dealing bullets far beyond the scene of conflict."

The *Age* hates Republicans, so it blamed them for the riot; then it blamed the Irish Protestants, because it hates them; then it blamed the militia, which it hates because it may interfere with its own future riot. There is one other thing that the *Age* hates with all its puny strength, and that is wooden pavements. Can't the New York riots be blamed on them?

THE DECISION of Mr. Gladstone to pass the Army bill in spite of the Lords, or failing in that, with his cabinet, to resign, is a good one and worthy of the man we used to believe Gladstone to be. It shows that in spite of the weak opposition of his enemies, and in spite of the frequent signs, he himself has shown of weakness and vacillation, there is a good deal of the old grand stubborn pluck left about him yet. To an American mind the Army bill is a most necessary and commendable one, but it has met with a most determined opposition from fossil peers and ancient generals, who despise all that is new, and regard any change in the customs of the army, or the church, as equally impolitic and sacreligious. That the premier defies the opposition of the majority of the peers, shows that what has so long been predicted is becoming true, and the House of Lords is fast losing its prestige, and being left out of questions of importance.

MR. JOHN HAY has at last atttained to the same dizzy hight of fame that his great rival, Mr. Bret Harte, won some time ago. He has delivered a poem before an army society and has had it telegraphed all over the country by the Associated Press. We hope that now at least he is happy. We have more than once expressed our disapprobation of the productions which made Mr. Hay's reputation. We have even ventured to say that we thought them vulgar and blasphemous, and we have not altered our opinion. But we confess to our very great astonishment at the character of the poem which he delivered before the Army of the James. Why, a man who is capable of writing so fine a poem as the "Advance Guard" should descend to the level of that vile jumble of blasphemy and coarseness, "Little Breeches," is something quite beyond our comprehension, and we hope that the poem telegraphed to us yesterday is but the "advance guard" of others of the same class from the *Tribune's* poet.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial* published some facts about President Grant's administration the other day, and the Pittsburgh *Post* asks how much that paper was paid for it. The Fifth avenue road to East Liberty is in rather bad condition, though we believe it is in better order than we ever knew that notoriously bad thoroughfare to be before, and the *Post* refuses to make known the complaints of the citizens, because it can offer no part of the profits of a job to any member of Council. In short, whether the *Post* treats questions of national or of local importance, of public honor or private convenience, it cannot elevate its glance above the almighty dollar. Money, money, money, is its eternal and never-ending cry. Its idea of human nature is nothing but filthy lucre; and if the editor ever reaches the gates of Heaven, he will doubtless, before going in, try if he can't find out how many Peter's pence come into the hands of the guardian of the gate. Why, if we were like the *Post*, we should doubtless ask how much the *Post* got for turning its coat and taking the new departure.

Now that order has been restored in New York city, and that public sentiment has fairly settled in the correct channel, fixing the grave responsibility of the fearful scenes of the 12th on the Irish who interfered with and disturbed the Orange procession, it comes with exceeding bad taste from Stephen J. Meany, the Fenian leader and agitator, to address exciting words to a gathering of his hot-blooded fellow-countrymen. The Irish followers to whom he addressed his harangue should not be told by their leaders that revenge for the past is the sweetest thing they can obtain, nor should the mangled remains of the victims to the riot be held up to excite more bitter animosity in their breasts against any class of people. They should to the contrary be educated up to the fact that to their own folly belongs the responsibility of the bloodshed and loss of friends in the late riot, that the true spirit of our American institutions is to guarantee the fullest and broadest protection to each citizen irrespective of his creed, color or nationality, that he is entitled to the same privilege, liberties and immunities enjoyed by any other in the land, and above all that peace and order must and will be maintained everywhere so long as the arm of the Government is strong enough to enforce the law and guard the religious and political freedom of even the humblest individual. Let wholesome lessons be deducted from the riot, but do not prepare the way for future troubles by idle and incendiary talk addressed to partizans by hot headed leaders. This country is not the proper theatre for an introduction of the feuds that have racked, distressed and blood-stained foreign lands. We afford liberal shelter to all people who come among us, and our laws guarantee to them all common privileges with each other. In peace and harmony, with obedience to constituted authorities and with full recognition that all are given, according to dictates of their own consciences, the right to work out future salvation, our citizens should live together in happiness and prosperity and would, did all know and appreciate the true spirit of our government.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS.

Every day brings with it greater assurances of a complete Republican victory this fall, and consequently in the Presidential campaign in 1872. The renomination of President Grant is conceded by all parties, and during the past week or two, some of the shrewdest political papers have unqualifiedly pronounced their belief that his election is equally sure. The singular unanimity as to the propriety of the re-nomination of our present worthy chief magistrate, existing throughout the country, is an anomaly in politics, and points with unerring certainty to the fact that all classes look upon him as the best fitted person for the position. And why should this not be the conclusion of all? Is there one single intelligent citizen in all the land who does not know that our national affairs were never better administered than they have been for the past three years? The taxes have been largely reduced, and yet through the competency and honesty of the collectors, the revenues have very largely increased. The national debt has been steadily reduced, and the announcement of the fact each month has been a new and delightful surprise. With this reduction of the debt comes the reduction in our annual interest, so that we are now obliged to pay out at the end of each year some sixteen millions less than at the commencement of the present administration. The creation and ratification of the Treaty of Washington, thus removing all probability of trouble between England and our Government, are the crowning acts of General Grant's public life, and will be so recounted in history. They stamp him at once the greatest chieftain in peace, as he has proven himself the ablest soldier in war. The credit for this great and beneficent achievement is due to him. His mind conceived it, and his courage enabled him to overcome the most violent opposition, and push it through to a successful issue. This one act of his public career is of itself sufficient to secure his re-election, as it will grow in importance in the estimation of his countrymen.

The Kuklux investigations, instead of the "thunder of guns" which was predicted by the dumb-founded Democracy, the civil service reform committee, and many other quiet but sure proofs of his undoubted capacity, as well as of his intention to serve the whole people with impartiality and perfect fairness, have disarmed the opposition, and commanded their admiration. We do not wonder then at such papers as the New York *Herald* and the Cincinnati *Commercial*, expressing their unqualified respects for the quiet business man who so modestly, but so perfectly wields the vast powers of the nation, for the best interests of its people, nor at their evident foresight when they announce it as their opinion that his re-election is certain. They do not say this for "Buncombe," but feeling it in their vast intercourse with thousands of their fellow men, all over the land, yea finding its presence at every point, as chroniclers of the news they but give expression to what they see and hear. Even the divided and disgusted Democracy, the party without a principle, the body without a head, has practically abandoned the contest as a hopeless one for them. For months they have been hoping for the Republicans, either through their public men, or as a party organization, to do something injudicious, arbitrary, or that might give rise to some split or disturbance, in order that a straw might be thrown to them to which they could cling. But alas! vain hope, the quiet, even tenor of the way has been pursued, with nothing to disturb the political surface and harmony everywhere existing in the Republican camp.

On the contrary all is tumult, disaster, dissension in that of our enemy. Utterly demoralized, they illustrate the universal history of mankind, *viz* one piece of ill-luck, is always followed by others, or disasters and trouble never come singly. The sad divisions among their partisans, on the "New Departure" theory, is followed by the dissensions as to which faction is to be represented on the ticket, and this in the face of the unanimous demand for the re-nomination of General Grant by the Republicans. But saddest of all, coming as it did when high hopes of compromise and reconciliation were begining to be indulged in, by the confiding Democracy, the riots in New York city have settled the business for them, and settled it completely. There is not a single paper published at the scene of this latest Democratic trouble, that does not find in it an additional proof that "it is all up" for the unterrified, this year. Even the *World*, acknowledges that this last straw has settled the thing, so far as the camel's back is concerned. All hope is gone, and the funeral meats are now baking for the party of misfortune, the once proud, but now humiliated Democracy.

WE COMMEND the following frank utterances from one of the leading journals of England, to the careful attention of our readers. They express the opinion which is fast gaining ground throughout the world, that the best days of Great Britain have come and gone. Henceforth as a *power*, that nation will go backward; but it will still remain a great country for wealth and manufactures.

The London *Spectator* says:

There is in this country but one great political institution left alive, and that is apparently endeavoring to commit suicide by asphyxia. The throne as a political power is dead; the lords are dying; and if the House of Commons loses the respect of the country, there will be nothing left. Every sign seems to show that it is fast losing it. From every part of the empire comes up fierce complaint that the House of Commons attempts to do everything, will do nothing, and will suffer nobody else to act. Ireland is in such a rage at the dead lock of her private bill legislation, that schemes are seriously considered for transferring that portion, at least, of Irish business back to Dublin. We ourselves described last week the irritation in Scotland at the impossibility of making way for the Scotch education bill. The English are waiting in no pleasant mood for a dozen reforms; not one of which can be so much as attempted. The country, weary of the long talk, almost ceases to expect anything from Parliament, and concerns itself so little in its proceedings, that the newspapers find anything more interesting to their readers than accurate Parliamentary reports. The speeches in the Commons are reduced to a summary which often makes them unintelligible, while one-half of all that occurs in the Lords is not reported at all. The threat of resistance to measures, forcible resistance—as, for example, to parts of Mr. Bruce's licensing bill—is frequently heard, and to all appearance creates no irritation, while in one-third of the empire county after county sends up a representative who tells the Commons that the one passionate desire of his countrymen is to be rid of them. The feeling that the House is filled with men who belong intellectually to an inferior class is diffusing itself among the cultivated, till the House begins in many circles to be spoken of as the House of Representatives is in America, as a vestry to which illfortune confides a great deal too much power. It is while all these symptoms are in the air that the House of Commons —we say the House, for both parties are guilty, though not in equal degrees—increases not only the public irritation, but the public contempt, and the statesman's doubt whether the House, like the crown and the Peers, has not survived its vigorous time, by nullifying its own functions, through a refusal either to accept or reject the measures which the Premier has proposed.

MUSIC IN THE PARKS.

There has been a good deal said regarding the adverse action of the Common Council of Allegheny on the question of music in the Parks. The criticisms on the members who declined to vote away the people's money for that purpose, have been anything but complimentary, yet it is to be hoped they may remain firm, for they are right. While they are doubtless as genuine lovers of music as those who so flippantly scan their official action, they perceive the injustice of furnishing amusements at the public expense, and fearlessly place their votes on the record accordingly.

Our City Councils may be pretty accurately divided into three classes—first, such as have real property abutting on the Parks or very near to them; secondly, those who have no real property at all; and, thirdly, those whose property is remote from the Parks. The first class, like the writer who signs himself "Third Ward," in the *Commercial*, feel particularly comfortable and happy because their property has "more than doubled since the Parks have been begun," and *they* but vote to still further increase its value; while the second vote for it because they like music and it will cost *them* nothing;—but the third class have leisure to look at the true bearings of the project, and to see that while real estate, (and only it,) will have to pay the piper comparatively but a small portion of it comes within the magic range which has been benefitted by the Park improvements, whatever "Third Ward" may say to the contrary. The writer of this happens to know of some nice properties in Allegheny that have not been benefitted to the extent of a dollar by the Parks, for they will fetch no more now than they did five years ago. How unreasonable, then, and cruel, to be largely increasing our taxes every year. If the property owners around the Parks wish to make their grounds still more valuable, let them tax themselves alone for the music, and it will inure to their benefit—as saloon keepers do. They never ask Councils to furnish music for their public houses, but bravely foot the bills themselves, secure in the knowledge that it will pay.

Let us hear no more of the trashy talk about the cost of the music being only two cents to each person. If it were collected off of each person, nobody would object, but no one is so silly as not to comprehend that it would be a tax exclusively on real estate.

In countries where the mass of the people have no voice in the imposition of taxes, it is well enough to throw a sop, in the shape of amusements payable out of the cash wrung from them, but in this land let every one pay for his own entertainment, and he will respect himself the more, and become a better because a more independent citizen. FIRST HERD.

Hot Corn.

Our streets are again resonant at night with the melodious cries of the venders of hot corn. It is our impression that this is one of the street cries peculiar to Philadelphia, and it is one of the few remaining relics of an earlier manner of life. With a capital of a dozen ears of freshly boiled corn, carried in a clean bucket and covered with a snowy napkin, hundreds of colored women, emerging from mysterious abodes, perambulate the streets from dark to dawn, crying their wares in a not unmusical monotone, which seems only to cease when a customer bids, or the stock becomes exhausted. If these people are unseemly in appearance, the darkness hides their defects, and we have frequently seen their patrons enjoying the cheap luxury, with no other condiment than hunger, save perhaps a pinch of salt, with as keen a gusto as that with which the gourmand enjoys viands of greater rarity, spread with every adornment of a well-appointed board.—*Philadelphia North American.*

SCIENTIFIC.

[From the New York Ledger.]

CONSTANTINOPLE is to have a noon-day gun, to enable the population to adjust their timepieces properly. Hitherto considerable trouble has been experienced there in regard to time, as the day is held to begin with sunset, and must be divided into twenty-four hours, rendering it necessary to set watches and clocks every day at sundown, as the movements of railroad trains, etc., are fixed in accordance with this Turkish method of reckoning time.

THE Great Atlas Mountain in Morocco has at last been ascended by a European, in the person of Dr. Hooker, the distinguished botanist. He and his party made the ascent in May last, being the first foreigners who had ever reached the top of the crest, which is nearly twelve thousand feet above the level of the sea. Although no Alpine plants were found, a heavy snow-storm was experienced, with a temperature of twenty-four degrees Fahrenheit.

M. CHEVREUL, the director of the Museum of Natural History at Paris, has charge of the dying department in the manufactory of the famous Gobelin tapestries. At a late meeting of the Academy of Sciences, he stated that a large portion of the buildings had been burned in the military operations, and that the collection of tapestries which was commenced in the time of Louis XVI., and extended to the present day, had been completeld destroyed.

THE passage of ordinary locomotives through the Mont Cenis tunnel appears to be attended with no little danger, owing to the smoke. According to a French paper, the *Memorial de la Loire*, two engine drivers died from suffocation at the first trial, and the life of another was saved with difficulty. Engines which are constructed so as to consume their own smoke have been ordered from England. It is said that the temperature of the tunnel is ordinarily very high.

ZINC-LINED water pipes have been regarded with some apprehension, since, although it is well known that zinc does not accumulate in the system like lead, it is popularly classed with lead as a poison. The American *Chemist* states, however, that the oxide of zinc is a favorite tonic with some physicians, and that it is safe to say that the small quantities daily taken into the stomach in drinking water from zinc-lined iron pipes will not have any injurious effect upon the health.

THERE is a marked difference in the distribution of the rain fall in summer and winter between the two great divisions of the Scandinavian peninsula. Norway receives more rain in winter than in summer; while Sweden receives more rain in summer than in winter. This is supposed to be because, in warm weather, the clouds range higher and travel further inland before they are condensed into rain, than they do in the cold season, when they travel nearer the surface of the earth.

A PIECE of "iron paper," a thousand of which were required to make a layer an inch thick, was sent from this country to the International Exhibition at London, in 1851. But English workmanship has now attained a far more remarkable result, in the production of a sheet of iron so thin that it requires four thousand eight hundred such to form an inch in thickness. It is the thinnest sheet iron ever rolled, and measures ten inches in length, by five and a half in width. It weighs only twenty grains.

THE proposed Russian expedition for purposes of scientific research and exploration to the great island of Papua or New Guinea, which lies to the north of Australia, appears to have caused considerable anxiety among the English inhabitants of the Australian continent. According to the Melbourne *Argus*, it is feared that this is but an indirect method of establishing a permanent Russian supremacy on the Island, which would threaten the British colonies in the event of an Anglo-Russian war. For the interest of science, however, it is to be hoped that the Russians will push their expedition. According to Mr. Wallace, New Guinea is the greatest *terra incognita* that still remains for the scientific to explore, and the only region where altogether new and unimagined forms of life may perhaps be found. He terms it perhaps the largest island on the globe. It is about 1,400 miles long and 400 miles broad in the widest part.

THE *German Correspondent* says: The technical and scientific exploration of the German seas will be commenced, indeed, the expedition is to leave Kiel in the next few days. As only one vessel, the Pomerania, is to be employed, the labors of this year will be confined to the Baltic. The eastern basins will be carefully explored, and the coastal districts which form the principal field of the German Baltic fisheries. Besides this, the examination of the channels between the German Ocean and the Baltic is expected to be of considerable interest, as the currents are supposed to exercise a determining influence on the animal life of the latter sea. This year's voyage will last for about two months, and next year the exploration of the Baltic will be continued.

POLITICAL.

ONLY three Democratic papers in Arkansas favor the new Departure.

THE Galesburg (Ill.) *Register* files the name of Richard J. Oglesby for Congressman-at-Large.

THE Republicans of Mississippi have called a State Convention to meet at Jackson, on Wednesday, Aug. 30

THE Mound City (Ill.) *Journal* favors the nomination of Ex Senator Doolittle as the Democratic candidate for President.

THE New Hampshire Legislature adjourned on the 14th until May 31, 1872. The session was much longer than usual, and the actual legislation much less.

THE campaign in Maine is one of the quietest on record. A gentleman thoroughly informed in the politics of the State estimates that the majority will considerably exceed that of last year.

MR. JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, of Massachusetts, thinks that the "tug of war" in the Presidential canvass of 1872 will be in Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia, and he thinks the Democratic candidate ought to be taken from one of these States.

COL. MCCOOK will open his canvass of Ohio July 25th, and from that time until the election will speak nearly every day in different localities. General Rosecrans, Noyes, who is forcible speaker, will industriously present the Republican claims to support.

THE Opelika (Ala.) *Locomotive* refuses to hitch on the new departure, and proclaims its platform as follows: "1st. A cordial, habitual, and eternal distrust of the General Government. 2d. An inerradicable, inexpugnable conviction that these States are, and of right ought to be, free, sovereign and independent.

THE Albany *Argus* republishes the *World's* exploded lie, that General Grant attempted to ride over the New Jersey Railroad without a ticket, and was forced to pay by the conductor. The New Jersey Railroad Company has for twenty years or more extended the freedom of the road to the President of the United States.

Compliment to a Pittsburgh Concern.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *City Item* says of the Westinghouse Air-brake:

I suppose you have a knowledge of this wonderful revolutionary invention, of its ingenious construction, its fascinating simplicity, its entire reliability, great efficiency and unprecedented success. In the face of appalling tragedies as Norwalk, Connecticut, years ago, of New Hamburg last winter, and the scores like them, where an efficient and powerful brake would have saved such sickening human slaughter and such waste of property it is refreshing to be reminded—as one is when passing the Airbrake Manufactory on Liberty street, this city—of the fact that when this brake is used no accident can occur where almost instantaneous stoppage of the train will prevent it. This brake quite abolishes one of the laws of nature—momentum. Trains of five and six cars, running forty miles an hour, have frequently been brought to a stan i still within their length. One at Altoona last year was stopped in *eleven seconds*, from a forty miles per hour speed!

Mr. Westinghouse, the inventor, is a young man yet—less than thirty I believe—and the other officers of the company, Messrs. Bagaley and Pitcairn, are both young men. It required hot, youthful blood and grit to forecast the immense good that this device would bring, and to grasp the opportunity to render an incalculable service to their fellow-men, while enriching their fame and exchequer.

Already 600 engines, and between 2,000 and 3,000 passenger coaches, are equipped with the Air Brake, and all the passenger trains on a score of first-class railways are run with them. Many more are fast equipping, and it is safe to predict that within five years every respectable railroad on this continent, if not on the globe, will be thoroughly controlled by the famous, safe, economical, reliable and effective Westinghouse Air Brake.

These Pittsburgh people are a live, wide-awake, enterprising body of good fellows. At least, I am fortunate in my limited circle of acquaintances, if they are not all first-class.

ODD FELLOWS.—There are 3,867 lodges of Odd Fellows in the United States. Pennsylvania has more than any other State, 601, and Illinois and Indiana come next, having 351 and 320 respectively. While New Mexico, Montana and Dakota have each but one. There are 298,647 members of all these lodges. Pennsylvania has 75,565, and there were, during the year 1870, 46,309 initiations. The order during the year relieved 3,876 widowed families and 25,019 brothers. The receipts of the Order were $2,724,419,46.

THE BEST TRUSSES IN THE WORLD.

If there is any infirmity that needs care and extra attention it is that of Rupture of the bowels, as there can hardly be any protrusion of them, even for an hour, without endangering life and exposing the patient to imminent peril. We have examined hundreds of persons who have gone all the rounds in the vain endeavor to obtain suitable Trusses to retain their rupture, and without being successful. Not one of these cases but could have been cured in the early stage of rupture, and even after years of neglect many of them can be cured, if they will only make application to some one thoroughly conversant with the malady in question. What, to most persons, is the expense of a few dollars for a well-fitting Truss, properly applied, when in many cases it is the means of saving a life and adding to his comfort for years? The prevailing belief that rupture is incurable has done incalculable mischief by making persons careless with regard to the same; whilst, if they did try to get well, they can certainly be no worse off for having made the attempt. There are so many cases that resemble rupture that we would advise all our readers to make application to a competent establishment, such as Dr. KEYSER'S, 167 Liberty street, where Trusses from two to twenty dollars can be obtained.

THE NEW DRINK.

THE NEW DRINK.
VOTE FOR IT.
VOTE FOR IT.
EGG MEAD.
EGG MEAD.
YES.
DRAWN COLD LIKE SODA.
Better than Soda or Ottawa, and sells better too! Nutricious, Wholesome, Delicious, Novel. Try it at Apothecary Store of
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
Corner of Penn and Sixth streets (old St. Clair.)

MIDSUMMER MALADIES.

The hot solar rays that ripen the harvets generate many distressing diseases. If the liver be at all predisposed to irregularities, this is the season in which bilious attacks may be anticipated. A weak stomach, too, is weakest in the summer months, and the loss of vitality through the pores by excessive perspiration is so great, that a wholesome tonic, combining also the properties of a diffusive stimulant and general exhilarant, is in many cases necessary to health, and under no circumstances should be dispensed with by the sickly and debilitated. Of all the preparations intended thus to refresh, sustain, and fortify the human frame, there is none that will compare with Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters. They have been weighed in the balance of experience and not found wanting; have been recommended from the first as a great medicinal specific, not as a beverage, and in spite of interested opposition from innumerable quarters, stand, after a twenty years trial, at the head of all proprietary medicines intended for the prevention and cure of all ordinary complaints of the stomach, the liver, the bowels, and the nerves. In the unhealthy districts bordering the great rivers of the South and West, Hostetter's Bitters might be classed as the standard one for every species of intermittent or remittent fever. The people who inhabit those districts, place the most implicit confidence in the preparation—confidence that is increased every year by the results of its operation.

As bitters, so called, of the most pernicious character, are springing up like fungi on every side, the public is hereby forewarned against the dram-shop frauds. ——'s for Hostetter's Bitters, and see that the label, etc., are correct, and remember that the genuine article is never sold in bulk, but in bottles only.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER &
VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF,
HUGUS
& CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

Macrum & Carlisle,
27 FIFTH AVENUE,
Have Opened a Complete Line of
Hamburgs,
Real Laces,
Lace Collars,
Linen Collars.
ALL THE NEW STYLES
Parasols,
French Corsets,
Glove-Fitting Corsets,
Hoop Skirts, new shape,
Fringes, Gimps, Buttons,
Corded and Plain Satin,
Plain and Fancy Bow Ribbons.
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF THE
"HARRIS SEAMLESS KID GLOVE,"
Elegant shades, reduced to
$2.00 Per Pair.
A FULL LINE OF
Foreign and Domestic Hosiery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR
Thursday, Aug. 20, 1871,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street.
A Good Bargain.
NEW GOODS.
At 12½c., five cases 4-4 Bleached Muslin.
At 12½c., Soft Finished, without dressing, a good bargain.
At 18½c., Striped Linen, for dresses.
At 25c., Fine French Organdie Lawns.
THE OLD
Lama Shawls,
Lama Jackets,
Lama Shawls,
Lama Shawls,
A Fresh Stock Received Daily,
AND ALL AT OLD PRICES.
Black Percales,
BUFF PERCALES,
PINK PERCALES,
AT 25 CENTS.
Buff P. K., Fast Colors.
FLANNELS FLANNELS,
ALL COLORS.
Rob Roy Flannels,
SHIRTING MUSLINS,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
DRY GOODS
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
Offer their
New Spring Stock
AT EASTERN PRICES.
Lowest in Nine Years.
No. 115 Wood Street.
C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON,
J. G. STEPHENSON.

mh38:o							
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	
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10	25					$2.00	
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	

These are the
LEADING PRICES
AT
EVANS'
DEPARTMENT
STORE,
56 Fifth Avenue,
MASONIC HALL.

American Watches.
Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest Prices in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. Its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.
FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.

Joseph R. Hunter,
231 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE WOOD.
AGENT FOR
Procter & Gamble's
CINCINNATI
LARD OIL.
CAUTION.—We call the attention of consumers to the practice of adulterating Lard Oil by mixing with it Cotton Seed, Oil, Rosin Oil, Seal Oil and other inferior Oils. *Our Lard Oil warranted* PURE. Any person altering our Brand or copying our Trade Mark will be proceeded against according to law.
Sold by Pittsburgh Grocers and Provision Dealers.

FOR SALE.
MAGNIFICENT
BUILDING SITES.
Lots! Lots! Lots!
The most attractive and desirable sites for homes within the city limits. Good neighborhood, good water, fuel convenient, easy of access, being located at Fort Herron, the terminus of the Centre Passenger Railway. Terms easy. Inquire of
C. H. LOVE,
No. 38 FOURTH AVENUE, or to
R. G. HERRON.
ON THE PREMISES.

DALZELLS &
TOWNSEND,
Pork Packers
AND
PROVISION DEALERS,
Bacon, Lard, Pork, Lard Oil and choice brands of Sugar Cured Hams constantly on hand.
247 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

MULES AND HORSES
FOR SALE.
15 heavy KENTUCKY DRAFT MULES.
15 ROOM and ENTRY PIT MULES.
5 heavy DRAFT HORSES.
5 Light DRIVING HORSES.
For sale by
S. S. SMITH.
38 Corry street, Allegheny city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
FOR
Thursday, Aug. 20, 1871,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street.
Good Bargains.
NEW GOODS.
At 25c., Ladies' Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs—a good bargain.
At 25c., Hemmed Stitched Linen Handkerchiefs—a good bargain.
At 37c., Men's Calico Shirts.
Men's White Shirts,
SHIRT FRONTS,
Children's Suits, Very Cheap.
At 12½c., Good Lisle Gloves.
At 50c., Good Kid Gloves, colored.
At 50c., Stamped Poplin Skirts.
At $1.50, All Wool Shawls, slightly imperfect.
Lama Shawls,
Lama Jackets.
Lama Shawls,
Lama Jackets,
Direct from Importers,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
"AKRON
SEWER PIPE CO.,"
(Late Hill & Adams,)
Manufacture highly vitrified Stone Pipe for Sewer and Water purposes, both rink and socket from 1 to 24 inch calibre. Contractors and Plumbers supplied at lowest prices. Wholesale and Retail dealers in Chimney Tops, Flues, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Tile, &c. Are also
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE
Johnstown Improved Hydraulic Cement,
This Cement is equal to any cement made in the United States, in many respects better than the Louisville Cement or the Rosendale, and decidedly better in all respects than the Uniontown or Akron Cement. It has a smaller amount of shrinkage, sets grad ual, bears as much sand as any cement made, and gets as hard; stands frost well it has all the qualities that hydraulic cement should have. The facilities for getting this cement is greater than all others in this market, less freight to travel, which is an important matter. Having but a short distance to ship we can there fore sell cheaper than any other in the market.
REFERENCES:
JOSEPH WATSON, Master Mason Middle Division, Penna. R. R. Co.
URIAH HACOX, Master Mason Western Division Penna. R. R. Co.
And the RESIDENT ENGINEERS of this road and various contractors of Pittsburgh.
Railroad Companies, Contractors and Dealers supplied at Manufacturers' prices. All orders promptly filled.
Office and Warehouse:
Nos. 65 and 67 Sandusky Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
Send for Price List.
THE BEST
Are the Cheapest!
BURT'S
FINE SHOES,
For Ladies, Misses and Children,
Are well known to be the BEST. All warranted None Genuine without his Trade Mark.
A full line of these goods are sold in Pittsburgh by
W. E. Schmertz & Co.,
31 Fifth Avenue.
PROPOSED
Amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.
JOINT RESOLUTION
Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.
Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to-wit:
AMENDMENT.
Strike out the Sixth Section of the Sixth Article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following:
"A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."
JAMES H. WEBB,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Speaker of the Senate.
Approved the fifteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.
JNO. W. GEARY.
Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth Article of the Constitution.
F. JORDAN.
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
OFFICE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, July 5th, 1871.
JAMES H. RANKIN,
DEALER IN
House Furnishing Goods,
CUTLERY, PLATED WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
WALNUT GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.,
No. 6 Sixth (St. Clair) Street
PITTSBURGH, PA.
M. B. COCHRAN,
143

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au8:6011

GEORGE B. HILL,
DEALER IN
Bonds, Stocks and Mortgages,
COR. THIRD AVE. AND WOOD ST.
(SECOND FLOOR.)
$30,000 to Loan on Mortgages. Apply immediately.

$100,000
Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.
SIX PER CENT. BONDS,
(TUSCARORA CREEK DIVISION.)
These Bonds are a first lien on the road now fully completed and in running order, and take precedence of the 7 per cent. bonds, are dated 1873, for thirty years, with interest, payable February and August.
For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.
my2:45

James T. Brady & Co.,
BANKERS,
Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.
Financial Agents of United States
FOR
FUNDED LOAN
Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.
SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

Finance and Trade,

NEW YORK, July 20, 1871.

Gold dull and steady, at 112¾. Loans made flat. Clearances, nineteen millions. There were fourteen bids at the Sub-Treasury for gold, amounting to $2,100,000, at from 112 to 112.53⅝. Awards, $1,000,000, at from 112.38 to 112.53⅝. Governments strong, with moderate transactions; closed at about ⅛ advance from the opening prices.

The stock market was excited and feverish, with largely increased business. The bears, headed it is said, by the Hock Island and North western cliques, have done all they could to break up the market. They succeeded better with their own stocks than any others. Lake Shore, Western Union, St. Paul, New York Central and Hudson reacted as soon as the bears stopped offering them on 'Change. There is considerable talk on the street as to what will probably be done at the meeting of the Lake Shore stockholders to be held in Cleveland on the 27th inst. The Post says we can only reiterate what we have said before, that the pool is very strong, and will hold it's estimated, 9-10 of the stock on the street, and that it is by no means safe to sell it short, and should the pool break up, of course that would be another matter, but it is not safe to hazard money on the theory that they will break up. The market is the close was very weak, and in many cases the lowest prices of the day was made

Money very easy at 2@3 per cent. Southern State bonds closed quiet and firm; Missouri's and Tennessee's have been the features of the market.

Sterling Exchange 110½.

GOVERNMENTS—Coupons, 1881, 115⅝; 5-20's '62, 114⅜; do. '64, 113⅝; do. '65, 113⅝; new do., 112⅝; do. '67, 113; do. '68, 113⅛; 10-40's 113. Currency 6's 113½.

STATE BONDS—Missouri, 99¾; Tennessee old, no new do. 72; Virginia new 72¾; old do. none; North Carolina old, 44⅝; new do., 36.

MISCELLANEOUS—Western Union Telegraph, 87; Quicksilver, 17¾; do. preferred, 45; preferred, 6; Adams Express, 80½; Wells & Fargo do, 49; American Union do, 32½; United States do, 55; Pacific Mail, 36¾; New York Central, 95¾; do scrip, 91; Erie, 27¾; do preferred, 55; Harlem, 130; do preferred, 130; Hudson River, 119½; Michigan Central, 120; C. & P., 119¾; Northwestern, 86¾; do preferred, 88¾; Rock Island, 108½; New Jersey Central, 103½; St. Paul, 85¾; do preferred, 79; Wabash, 58¾; do preferred, 80; Fort Wayne, 99¾; Terre Haute, do preferred, 50; Chicago and Alton, 121; do preferred, 123½; Ohio and Mississippi, 43¾; C. C. & C., 85¾; Baltimore and Ohio, 152; Lake Shore, 105¾; Illinois Central, 132½; Union Pacific, 39¾; Central Pacific bonds, 98¾; Union, 88¾.

Closing quotations as reported by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	112⅜	5 s Jan. & Jy. '65	112⅜
U. S. 6s, 1881	115¾	5 s Jan. & Jy. '67	113¾
U. S. 5-20s '62	114⅜	5 s Jan. & Jy. '68	113⅛
U. S. 5-20 1864	113¾	U. P. R. R.	89
U. S. 5-20 1865	113⅝	C. P. R. R.	99
U. S. 10-40	113¼	Currency 6's	113¼

—The Chicago Tribune of Wednesday says: The great difference in wheat and oats, between the prices paid for the different months and those charged for seller August (amounting to 5c on wheat and 5c on oats) has given rise to the cry of "corner," and it was on account of this that an attempt will be made to re-effect the passage of the old Rule 13, which was abolished last October, being found to be impracticable. In other words, parties who have sold grain which they did not own, want to be relieved from the responsibility of their own acts, though they would have been perfectly willing to take the profits if the market had gone in their favor. The opposition has excited quite a hubbub, and it is stated that a telegram came from prominent parties in Buffalo this morning to the effect that they would cease to trade in this market if the obnoxious rule was re-enacted. The motion will be made to-day, and if carried out to-day, under the rule, before being acted upon.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, July 20, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda ash, 4@4¼; refined, 4¾@4¾; Pearls, 9; Pots, 7⅜; Nitrals Soda, 4¼.

BEANS—There is some inquiry for prime navy and the market is bare.

BUTTER—Continues quiet and dull but unchanged. Prime to choice, 16@17; fair to medium, 12@14.

BROOM CORN—We can report sales of several small lots at 5@7 cts—the outside figure for choice red.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 23@25.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50@3.00 per bbl. Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50.

COUNTRY MEAT—Dull and nominally unchanged. Country Lard, 9@10 cts.

CANNED GOODS—Season is about over—stock pretty well reduced.

CHEESE—Prime Ohio Goshen quoted at 10¾@11; Factory, 9¾@10; Dairy, 8@9.

CORN MEAL—Is still quoted in a jobbing way at 60@65 per bushel.

CARBON OIL—Standard brands still quoted at 24 cts. in a jobbing way—usual advance for small lots.

EGGS—The market for fresh eggs is a shade firmer, in consequence of diminished receipts, though there is no change to make in quotations, 15@16. Several sold lots to go to Philadelphia within the past two days, and this, of course, tends somewhat to strengthen this market.

FRUITS—Green apples in steady demand and with limited receipts prices are well maintained, $3@4 per bbl. Peaches are selling all the way from $1.00@2.50 per box for common to choice. Blackberries, fresh and in good order, $1 per bucket. Oranges and Lemons dull, and the same is true of Dried Peaches and Apples. Layer Raisins, $2 per box; Valencia, 12½@13 cts per lb. Turkey Prunes, 10 cts, and 11¾@12 for French. Currants, 10 cts per lb.

FLOUR—There is no improvement in the demand and the market continues dull and weak though there is no quotable change in prices; $6.75 for good spring extras; $7.00@7.10 for choice Minnesota bakers flour; and $7.00@7.25 for good to choice red winter wheat. Rye flour, in a small way, $6.

GRAIN—There is but very little inquiry for wheat, and notwithstanding the receipts continue light, the market is dull and weak, and those lightly the market is dull and weak, and there is scarcely enough doing to establish quotations; in the absence of sales, we quote nominally at $1.30@1.35 for new red, and $1.35@1.40 for old. The Chicago market was rather better on Wednesday, prices being a shade higher than on Tuesday, but that market is no criterion for Pittsburgh, as there has been little or no wheat brought from there here during the past two years; and, besides, that market is being manipulated pretty sharply just now by the "bulls" and "bears," and consequently, while it is possible and even probable that there may be some sharp fluctuations between this and the close of the month, yet with the matter fully understood, the manipulations there are not likely to have any influence here. Oats a shade easier, under late advices from the west, and we are reported sales of several car loads at 62, 62¾ and 63 cts, depending on a good deal on the quality; in the early part of the week, it looked as though there would be an advance, but at present, the indications generally point to a decline. Corn is quiet and unchanged; we are reported sales of several car loads at 68 cts for mixed and 70c for prime yellow in bulk, free in elevator. Old crop Penna and Ohio Rye is valor. Old crop Penna and Ohio Rye is quoted at 95@97 and new western at 85@90c. No movement in Barley as yet, though it is probable that new crop spring will open up here at about 75c.

GROCERIES—Coffee is reported firm, and advices from New York seem to indicate that the importers will be able to obtain their point, and that is, a decided advance will be maintained. The latest intelligence from Rio has stimulated importers considerably, and it is stated that a still further withdrawal of samples has taken place. The stock of Rio at the principal ports counts up 184,758 bags, as follows: New York, 99,830; Baltimore, 71,-325; Mobile, 4,116; New Orleans, 7,000; Glaveston, 2,500. Sugars continue quite active in this market, as there is a continued good jobbing demand; the eastern markets, however, are a shade easier. Rice is lower. Molasses and Syrups quiet and unchanged.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 19½; Prime, 18¾; Good 17; Fair, 16¾; Roasting, 15¾@16.

SYRUPS AND Drips—White Honey, 72; Havemyer & Elders, 72; Silver Drips, 60; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11¾; prime, 11¼ good, 10¾; fully fair, 10¾; Porto Rico Sugars, 10¾@11⅛; Cubs, 10@11; Demarara, 11¾@12¼.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 14; A Coffee, 13; "B," 12¾; Extra C, 12¾; C, yellow, 12⅜.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1 40; Good, $1 10; Fair $1. Lower grades down to Dusts.

G. P. Fancy, $1 50; good $1 25; fair, $1 10; Imperial Fancy, $1 40; good, $1 25; fair, $1; Oolong fancy, $1 25; good, 90c; fair, 80@75c. Souchong fancy $1 25; good, 90c; fair, 70@80c. Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10c; prime, 9¾c; good, 9c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 22c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 20c. Cassia, 55c.

HAY—Baled continues to arrive freely and prices are lower; sales on wharf to-day, at $20@25, for fair to prime—a decline of $8@9 per ton within ten days.

HONEY—We can report sales in a regular way at 25@30 cts per lb, for fair to choice.

ONIONS—Green Sets, 10@12½; Green Butcher's, 8; Dry Flint, 2½@2¾; Green Calf Skins, 14@15; Green Salted Calf, 17@18.

HUSKS—Quoted at 2¼@2¾ cts.

HEMP—Sales of rough Kentucky at $165 per ton; dressed, 12¾ cts per lb.

LIME—Perrysburg white, $2.00@2.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.25; Eastern, $1.75.

MILL FEED—Dull and unchanged

HOME NEWS.

Wanted.—A young man to collect bills in the city. Address K, this office.

That Great Sale of Dry Goods at McKEE, MURPHY & Co's, 59 Market street.

West End Avenue.—The Commissioners of this avenue under the late act of Assembly, will find a notice concerning them in another column. A full attendance is desired. Let all be there.

"Homes for the People and How to Get Them."

Of the twenty thousand who have read this little phampiet every one commends it. It is for free circulation at the "Homestead Bank," 131 Smithfield street.

Last evening a horse attached to a buggy came down Federal street at a fearful rate, greatly alarming people on the sidewalks and the crossings. At Lacock street the animal made a short turn, causing the vehicle to strike a lamp-post. At which time it turn off and the buggy otherwise extensively damaged. At the time of the run-away there was no person in the vehicle.

Good Chance for Investment.—We bespeak the attention of those wishing to invest in something that will be safe and pay very handsomely to the different kinds of property advertised by Mr. Isaac M. Pennock, Real Estate and General Insurance Agent, to be found on our first page. This property must and will be sold, and bargains such as are seldom offered can be had. For full particulars call on Mr. Pennock, No. 59 Fourth avenue, where he will be pleased to give all the information desired.

For Rent.—It will be seen in another column that H. Sutmeyer, Bro., & Co., offer their elegant store now occupied by them on Federal street, Allegheny, for rent. This is one of the finest buildings and in the very best locality in the city, and well adapted for any extensive business. A chance like this is seldom offered to the public. The object for offering this house to rent on account of the firm erecting a new elegant building on the corner of Federal street and Diamond, which they will occupy as soon as completed, where the merchant tailoring and clothing business will be conducted by the same firm still more extensively than in their present building.

Blackberry Wine.

The following is said to be an excellent recipe for the manufacture of superior wine from blackberries: Measure your berries and bruise them, to every gallon adding one quart of boiling water. Let the whole mixture stand twenty-four hours, stirring occasionally; then strain off the liquor into a cask, to every gallon adding two pounds of sugar, cork it, and set it in a cool place. Following October, and you will have wine ready for use without any further straining or boiling.

Severe Accident to a Lady.

The wife of Mr. Joseph Wilson, of Oakland, met with a severe accident last Tuesday, which happened in this wise. Mrs. W. was in a buggy, with a small boy as driver, and at a point a short distance beyond the Soho bridge the horse attached to the vehicle took fright at some object, and started off at a fearful rate, finally springing to one side, the buggy was overturned, falling upon the occupants. Mrs. W. fell directly right and had her left leg considerably bruised. The lad who was driving escaped unhurt. The injured lady was taken to her home, where, under good medical treatment, she is doing well.

Letters Held for Postage Yesterday.

Beau, Mrs. C., Portland, Me., 3c.
Doane, Mrs. Angelia, Jersey City, Pa., 3c.
Ford, Miss Harriet, Newtown, Va., 3c.
Heinberger, W. A., Wheeling, Va., 3c.
Horner, Jane, New Cumberland, W. Va., 3c.
Shawble, Mrs. Elizabeth, New Cumberland, Va., 3c.
Hutchins, Charles, Boston, Mass., 3c.
Kropps, Mrs., Harpers Ferry, Va., 3c.
Layton, H. B., Lockport, N. Y., 3c.
Leatherman, Capt., 3c.
McDonald, Alf, Allegheny, 3c.
Pittsburgh & McKeesport Car Company, McKeesport, Pa., 3c.
Richardson, G. A., Wilkinsburg, Pa., 3c.
Thomas, Robt., Hamilton, Ga., 3c.

The Perrysville Suicide.

From the Mahoning *Register*, published in Youngstown we gather the following additional facts concerning Thomas A. Coulson, the man who recently committed suicide near Perrysville:

Mr. Coulson was a former dry goods merchant in Youngstown, and left that city a few months since. He had formerly been doing a very tolerable success for two years, and left Youngstown to enter into the same business as Union Mills, Pa. The circumstances under his acquaintance with some of the ladies mentioned in the letters found upon his body were in the main as we can learn, anything remarkable. With Miss Parritt, one of the ladies with whom he left a bequest of a silk dress, his acquaintance was slight.

Action Against the Oakland Railway Company.

Yesterday Mr. Vanvoorhis, in his capacity of Road Commissioner, appeared before Alderman McMasters and made an information, charging C. Hoeveler, Henry Ray, Thomas Bemus et al., of the Oakland Passenger Railway Company, with maintaining a nuisance. The alleged nuisance consists of the three switches placed by the defendants in the road at the Oakland station. The latter switches cover almost the entire roadway, to the great detriment of the interests of various citizens, who are subjected to the annoyance in consequence of the difficulties they sometimes encounter when passing that point in vehicles. The law, it is claimed, allows but two switches but two tracks, whereas, at the point mentioned, they have three. The case will probably be sent to the courts for adjudication.

Condition of Mr. Loveridge.

The latest intelligence we have received from Mr. Loveridge, who was shot by M. K. Henry, was that obtained from Dr. A. Arthurs, who left the bedside of the wounded man at half-past ten o'clock last night. He reports that the symptoms were all favorable, and that the patient seemed to be doing quite well, considering the circumstances under which he found. There was no internal bleeding whatever, which is considered a very fav rable feature in the case, as there is not much fear of danger of inflammation. While he attending physicians feel hopeful, and think that the patient may do, although not out of danger, we would not have it understood that they regard Mr. Loveridge as entirely bevond danger. If inflammation enue, death is almost certain to follow.

The Updegraff Block.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE: I noticed a very respectful notice of the block of buildings on Smithfield street, belonging to me and my sister, which I think is entitled to a respectful answer. Therefore I would state that the name of the block was selected by the architect, and simply put on the draft without the knowledge or consent of the parties interested, and as far as my knowledge goes, never intended so to be called, suspecting his motive to have a tablet built in the wall with the Updegraff name on it, it is too much the appearance of ostentation, considering there are many fine blocks in the city, and nothing of the kind to be seen on any of them, and it is much to be regretted it will be called the Updegraff buildings. I desire to state that Abner Updegraff's parents came to Pennsylvania with William Penn, from Holland, and he was born in Little York, Pa., and was not an Englishman.

Respectfully, WM. UPDEGRAFF.

"What a Railroad Does."

Under this caption the Washington *Reporter* says: The Johnson farm, of one hundred and forty-six acres, at McDonald Station, was sold a few days ago to George S. Head, Esq., for $28,000. The purchaser, who is President of the Second National Bank, and otherwise largely engaged in business in Pittsburgh, desires to escape the filth and fever of the city, and proposes while continuing his business there to make a permanent residence in Washington county. The distance is eighteen miles, but the early and frequent trains on the Pan Handle will afford him all needed facilities.

Before the railroad was made, this farm would have been considered well sold at from sixty to seventy-five dollars per acre, whereas it now commands almost two hundred. Could there be any stronger argument adduced than this simple fact to show the farmers of the eastern section of our county the importance of securing the completion of the Wheeling, Pittsburgh and Baltimore line through from this place to the Connellsville road?

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Quite a large and appreciative audience assembled last night to witness the performance of the minstrel troupe now at this place of amusement. Among the assemblage were quite a number of the gentler sex. The bill presented on this occasion was very good, the first part consisting of a grand vocal and instrumental concert, in which some very effective ballads and comic ditties were introduced. The double clog dance by Stevie Rogers and Little Eddie was very well executed. The comic sketches presented were very laughable, Harry Talbott sustaining the character of *Tommy Dodd* in the "Scenes of my Boyhood," in a manner that brought down the house. The concluding farce of "Sophia's Supper" was very pleasing, all the characters in this piece being very well taken. It is useless to say that Manning's Minstrels are one of the very best troupes traveling, the pleasure and profit they have in store will attest their belief by patronizing them well while they are with us.

THIMBLE'S VARIETIES.—This excellent place of amusement continues to maintain its hold upon the fun-loving part of the community. If you have not yet seen the Female Minstrels, go to-night by all means. This is the last week of their engagement.

HART, RYMAN AND BARNEY.—Monday night, at the Pittsburgh Opera House, the great minstrel troupe of Hart, Ryman & Barney will commence a brief engagement. When we say to Pittsburgh play-goers that Johnny Hart, who is so well known to all of them, is one of the attractions, we say that which will insure crowded houses at every performance. As a delineator of negro character in its funniest aspect Johnny is without a parallel. The other members of the troupe are also first class performers.

THE LINCOLN CLUB.

Meeting Yesterday Afternoon—Their Hospitalities Extended to the President.

This Association held a meeting at their Club Rooms, 68 Smithfield street, at four o'clock yesterday afternoon, President Henry Lloyd in the chair.

Mr. Davis, from the Committee on Hall, reported that the Committee had incurred liabilities in fitting up and furnishing the rooms, to the extent of $2,000.50. The report was, on motion of Mr. Stewart, received and filed. Mr. Stevenson moved that the membership fee be fixed at $25. The motion was, after some discussion, carried.

It was then moved by Mr. D. W. C. Carroll and seconded by Mayor Brush, that the President be instructed, on the part of the Lincoln Club, to extend to PRESIDENT GRANT AND SUITE

the hospitalities of the club, on the occasion of his proposed visit to the Pacific coast in the latter part of August. The motion was carried. It is expected that the President will pass through our city on his way westward, and it is but fitting that the Lincoln Club, the only organization of its kind in our city, and, being composed of prominent and leading citizens, a most efficient association, should extend such an invitation to our esteemed Chief Magistrate. The association then adjourned.

ANOTHER INSTALLMENT.

The Gray Case—Interesting Correspondence—Coming Down to the Points—When Will the Accused Be Ready—The Prosecution Determined to Take Depositions.

Our readers who have been endeavoring to follow "the Gray Case," through all its labyrinthine mazes, legal, ecclesiastical and personal betimes, will perhaps peruse with a feeling akin to interest the correspondence following which is sufficiently explanatory to need no word of comment—premising, however, that the reader is aware of a brief interview which was held between the counsel designated yesterday morning, as two clouds surcharged they met, and here is the electric flash:

J. W. F. White, Esq., Counsel for Complainants
In the case of Rev. John A. Gray:

DEAR SIR:—The defense will be ready to try the charges against Mr. Gray, a bill of which has been furnished us by Dr. Dempsey, about the middle of September, the time to be fixed by the complainants, providing, that it is not more than a week earlier or later than the time named. Respectfully yours, A. H. NESBIT, Counsel for defense.

July 20, 1871.

PITTSBURGH, July 20, 1871.

Rev. S. H. Nesbit D.D—Dear Sir—As the counsel of Rev. John A. Gray, you say, in a note just now left on my desk, that "the defense will be ready to try the charges against Mr. Gray, a bill of which has been furnished us by Dr. Dempsey, about the middle of September, the time to be fixed by the complainants, providing that it is not more than a week earlier or later than the time named."

I understand from your note that the defense will be ready, at the time named to try all the charges now on file in the hands of Dr. Dempsey, of which you have a copy, without attempting to rule out any of them and without asking for a further postponement.

I heartily rejoice that there is a time when Mr. Gray will be ready to try those charges. The time named by you extends into September 8th to September 22d. Any day in that period will suit the complainants. But the complainants have no power to fix the day, nor is it their duty. That is the duty of Dr. Dempsey the Presiding Elder of the North Pittsburgh District.

The resolution of the Conference did not instruct the complainants to investigate "the case of the Rev. John A. Gray," but it instructed *Dr. Dempsey*, as the P. E. of that district, to do so; and we consider it the duty of Dr. Dempsey, and not that resolution of the Conference, to make the investigation, whether these complainants appear before him or not. The resolution of the Conference said that the interests of *the church* required the investigation, not the accommodation or gratification of these complainants. But the complainants were willing to aid in the investigation, and on two occasions had their witnesses before Dr. Dempsey, ready to substantiate the charges. On the last occasion, the 18th inst., the complainant told Dr. Dempsey that they were ready and demanded a trial or the taking of their testimony. He refused either. They then notified him that they had done their full duty in furnishing him the testimony, and that they were dismissed, and that they were relieved of any further responsibility in procuring testimony before him. They further notified him that they considered it *his duty* to investigate fully the case, as directed by the Conference. Dr. Dempsey postponed the trial indefinitely.

As counsel for complainant, I then gave notice that I would prepare the testimony for Conference, where the trial proper will take place, and where the case must go, no matter what Dr. Dempsey or any committee he may call may do.

I have accordingly fixed on Tuesday, the 22d day of next month (August), at my office, No. 140 Fifth avenue, city of Pittsburgh, commencing at 10 a. m., and continuing from day to day until finished, for taking testimony in the Gray case in support of the charges now in the hands of Dr. Dempsey. You, as counsel for Mr. Gray, will therefore please take notice and be present to cross-examine our witnesses, if you see fit to take all our testimony in the case. This testimony may be submitted to the committee that may be called, and will be submitted to the Conference at its next session.

This course will perhaps save all parties a great deal of trouble, and will avoid any further delays or postponements in the investigation. I have also sent notice to Mr. Gray, directed to him at Topeka, Kansas. If that is not his Postoffice address, and you will furnish it, I will send notice as you may direct.

In all my conversations with you on this case since last April, you denied being the authorized counsel of Mr. Gray. Never, till I received your note a few minutes since, did I know that you would. I am glad, therefore, to learn that you are now his counsel. But it strikes me as singular that you were not present on last Tuesday, Dr. Dempsey was there, and for some purpose and pursuant to some appointment, and you knew that he would be there. On that occasion Dr. Dempsey gave as a reason for postponing the case that Mr. Gray was absent and had no counsel to represent him. You would, I am glad, therefore, know that you were his counsel.

This case has had a singular history. It is to be hoped that it will be brought to a close. No difficulties thrown in the way of a full and fair investigation.

Your statement in this morning's GAZETTE and *Commercial* is so unfair and so full of *mistakes* that, if I can find time, I must correct them. Respectfully yours,

J. W. F. WHITE.

CAPTAIN BATCHELOR'S DEFENCE.

What The Members of the Company Say—All to be Explained at the Hearing.

As we yesterday published the information against Capt. Batchelor, of the "Heath Zouaves" in which he was charged with embezzlement of certain of the company's funds, in justice to him we find place for the following card, which certainly seems strong enough and coming from his associates and those whom he is charged with swindling, is entitled to credit. Here is the card:

CAMP BRIGHT, HULTON STATION,
July 20, 1871.

TO THE EDITORS OF THE *Pittsburgh Chronicle*.
We, the undersigned members *(in good standing)* of the Heath Zouaves, having seen in the *Evening Chronicle* of July 19th last., a statement that an information had been made against Captain Merritt Batchelor for embezzlement of Company funds, and wishing, as interested parties, that the public know our opinion of the matter, do make the following statement. We have been associated with Captain Batchelor for now nearly two years, and having met with him at drill almost every night during that period, we consider ourselves competent to judge of his character and manners as a gentleman. As such we have always considered him, and in spite of all charges made, we still do and always will consider him a gentleman in every sense of the word, and the peer of those who are trying by all means in their power to injure him. As to what became of the small amount of money collected, we will speak on Friday at the hearing. We also desire to add that the statements as published are not true, and that the card of "An Officer of the Fourteenth Regiment," to the effect that a majority of the members are opposed to the transfer to the Grey Regiment, is also false, as the numbers of our company will show that the vote was unanimous. We will ask the author of said card where his majority is?

In conclusion we would say that Mr. McGowan, who prefers these charges, is neither an officer nor member of the company. He resigning resigned both during the month of May last. This the minutes of the company will show. Hoping the public will believe what we say in the matter, we remain, respectfully, their servants, as National Guardsmen.

The paper is signed by forty-five of the fifty-two members of the company. The hearing before the case will be held at Alderman McMasters' office this afternoon at two o'clock.

INQUESTS YESTERDAY.

Body of Young Fillman Found—Sudden Death of an Old Lady.

The body of the late James Anthony Fillman, who was drowned in the Allegheny river last Tuesday, was found floating in the Ohio river, a short distance below the Manchester Ferry landing, about eleven o'clock yesterday. Alderman Neubert held an inquest on the body, at which the testimony was that the lad left the house of his parents, No. 232 Western avenue, Allegheny, Tuesday afternoon; at the Hand street bridge he met a companion, and the two started up the river; within an hour the skiff was found and the boy missing. The body was in the water and would probably have remained there for some time, had it not been for the fact that the deceased was bathing when he lost his life. The jury returned a verdict to the effect that the deceased came by drowning. Young Fillman was aged about thirteen years, and was a son of Mr. John Fillman, liquor merchant, Ohio street, Allegheny.

Alderman Neubert also held an inquest on the body of an old lady named Mrs. Jane Hay, aged about seventy years, who yesterday morning was found dead in bed at her residence on Robinson street, Fifth ward. Evidence that the deceased retired Wednesday night, complaining at the time she was not well. Next morning at about nine o'clock a member of her family visited her room for the purpose of calling her up to breakfast, and found her dead. Dr. Hazlett was called in and, in presence of the jury, examined the body, pronouncing the opinion that death resulted from natural causes. The jury gave a verdict in accordance with this opinion.

THAT BLUFF STREET TRAP.

A Lady Falls Over the Bluff Street Precipice.

When will that fence be constructed on Bluff street? Councils should investigate the matter again. It would save the Coroner some trouble.

Yesterday, about one o'clock, another accident occurred at the place, which shows the necessity of the fence. Mrs. Wm. Linderman, residing in Hutchinson's Row, on Bluff street, near Stevenson, was walking along the bluff just above Gist street. The path at this place is narrow, and Wednesday's rain made it quite slippery. A slight misstep was made, and in a second the unfortunate woman fell over the terrible precipice. The fall at this place is about sixty feet high, and for the greater part of the distance is perpendicular. There are some projecting places, however, and these in a measure broke her fall, otherwise she would inevitably have been instantly killed. As it was, she fell the entire distance to the yard of the Chartiers Railroad. Some persons in the vicinity saw the woman fall, and ran at once to her relief. She was carried into a house near at hand and the Barton summoned, when it was ascertained that no bones were broken, although she had sustained severe injuries. It seems a miracle that she was not killed.

Last night the victim lay in a critical condition, internal bleeding having commenced, and it is feared she will not survive her injuries.

THE McCABE WILL.

Resolutions Passed by the Board of Managers of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum.

At a special meeting of the board of managers of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum of Pittsburgh, held July 18, 1871, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby indorse the action of Dominick Ihmsen, Esq., treasurer of the asylum, in filing a *caveat* against the alleged second will of the late James McCabe; and that he be instructed on behalf of the asylum to use all fair and honorable means to establish the legality of the first will, dated February 14, 1870, by which Mr. McCabe bequeaths seven thousand dollars unconditionally to the asylum; whereas by the so-called second will the orphans are left but five thousand dollars, coupled with the condition of releasing John C. Barr from a judgment contested by him in March, 1871, in favor of the asylum, for the sum of four thousand dollars, being amount of state appropriation of 1868, collected by said Barr and never paid over to asylum.

By order of the board.

T. CAMPBELL, Chairman.
CHAS. F. MCKENNA, Secretary.

That Great Sale of Dry Goods at McKEE, MURPHY & Co's, 59 Market street.

BREVITIES.

"WHO shot Paisley?"

HUCKLEBERRIES are plenty.

PEACHES are plenty this season.

PAPER collars wear all day now.

BLACKBERRIES are becoming cheaper.

THE river has not "riz" very much yet.

THE Western University is properous.

THE Minstrels draw charming large houses.

PITTSBURGHERS at Erie are having a *gay* time.

WHEN will the earthquake come to these parts?

PROPRIETORS of Summer resorts are complaining of the cool weather.

BUSINESS at the Mayor's and Alderman's offices continues constipated.

DYSENTERY among children is prevailing to an alarming extent in the city.

DROVERS complain that their caboose cars are filthy and full of bed bugs.

BLANKETS are being called into requisition by shivering seekers after sleep.

THE STORM of Wednesday seems to have prevailed over quite a large territory.

OVER four million bushels of coal are lying in boats in Pool No. 1, awaiting shipment.

THE weather for coolness beats the oldest. Can't Mr. Albree let us know why this is?

THE Pro's and Con's in the Rev. Gray case are working themselves up to a fever heat.

THE streets are clean since the rain, but the gutters, some of them, even unusually filthy.

THE Fifth avenue market house has dragged its slow length along until it has neared completion.

A NUMBER of slight changes were made on the new Diamond drinking fountain, Allegheny, yesterday.

A PARTY of an hundred is being raised for an excursion to Chatauqua. They will have to camp out, as the hotel is overflowing.

THE MISSING MACHINE contest in front of the Rolshouse Hotel, Allegheny, attracted a large crowd in the locality yesterday morning.

ALDERMAN HUMBERT informs us that at the solicitation of friends, he has indefinitely postponed putting crape on the door of his office.

NOTWITHSTANDING the armistice announced by Chief Hague, quite a number of the canine tribe have been sacrificed during this week.

PRESIDENT GRANT'S proposed visit to his relatives in Little Washington, has been postponed—as they have been advised by telegram.

THE City Treasurer, Mr. Cochrane, was interrogated just three hundred twenty-eight times, up to TWO P. M., yesterday, as to "who shot Paisley?"

WE observed a train of cars crossing Penn street yesterday at an apparent rate of at least eight or ten miles per hour. What is the law on the subject?

WORK on the new engine house of the Grant Company, Allegheny, will be attended to as rapidly as possible. The old one will be torn down immediately.

WORK is slowly progressing on the fence along Bluff street. It is to be hoped that it will be completed in time to prevent any more casualities at that place.

THOMAS DOWLING and Amos Maitland, sentenced to the penitentiary for six years for assaulting Mr. McMurray, of Jonesville two years ago have been taken over.

MR. CHAS. E SPEER, assistant cashier of the First National Bank, has been seriously ill with typhoid fever for some time past, but, we are glad to learn, is convalescent.

SEVERAL Twelfth ward shooting scrapes in the city last night, the window of which was examined by Surgeon General Brush this morning at six, and the usual prescription (5:30 ordered.

A FREIGHT train on the West Penn Railroad jumped the track near the Workhouse Wednesday night. The cars and locomotive were pretty badly wrecked by going over an embankment. Nobody hurt.

THE RUMOR that a man named Paisley was shot in the Twelfth ward Wednesday night, was the result of a bogus messager to that effect sent over the wires from the Twelfth ward to the Central Station house.

SOME thief entered the office of the Clerk of the U. S. District Court yesterday and carried off the watch of Mr. Lindsay, the Deputy Clerk. It was in the gentleman's vest, which was hanging on the hat rack. No clue to the thief.

ISN'T it about time the Fire Commissioners would see who it is that sends the news of "shooting scrapes" over the wires, and the reporters of the papers go a mile or two at one o'clock in the morning be informed it was only a joke.

THE young man Graham who was injured at Semple's dry goods store, Allegheny, some time ago, is now lying at his home prostrate with fever and in a critical condition. He was recovering from the accident when the fever set in.

THERE is in circulation a new counterfeit two Dollar bill on the Second Ward Bank of New York. The vignette on the left corner has the appearance of a wood cut, rather than a steel engraving, and the word on the corner back the ink has a blueish appearance.

A MAN who had too much benzine aboard, got rather demonstrative on McCallin's saloon, Sixth street, this evening, and was rather forcibly ejected therefrom. He landed on the street, face foremost, bruising himself badly, and was sent to the lock-up for safekeeping.

MR. RICHARD KNOWLSON'S hospitable mansion, in West Liberty, Lower St. Clair township, is headquarters for Mr. Wm. Potter's sisters having business in that neighborhood, and has been for many years. The neat and handsome little Methodist church at that thriving village is honored by his name.

THE Fire Engine and Hose Committee of Allegheny Councils, on yesterday rented the one story building on Federal street between Cedar avenue and West street, formerly occupied as a paint shop, for the use of the General Grant Company as a hose and fire engine house. Superintendent McCandless was very busy all day moving the wires and ropes so as to have communication with the new house.

THERE was a very sad case in the Allegheny lock-up yesterday. A handsome and well-dressed little girl, about only fourteen or fifteen years, and the daughter of respectable parents, was arrested at a house of ill-fame on this side, and taken over for confinement there, until measures could be taken to send her to the Refuge, which will probably be done. She ran away from her home in Allegheny some time since, and it was only recently that her whereabouts became known.

NOTES FROM OUR NEIGHBORS.

OIL CITY invites proposals for furnishing 30 street lamps with iron posts, for that city.

THE Jefferson Iron Works of Steubenville, during the year 1870, manufactured 98,000 kegs of nails.

THE degree of LL. D. has been conferred on Hon. Jeremiah S. Black by the faculty of the Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg.

MRS. AMY FRANKS, of Fayette county, is ninety years of age, the mother of four fourteen children, and is said to have in all, nearly five hundred descendents living.

AT Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, a large fire broke out last Saturday night, and four planing mill stables, one residence, the postoffice, six stores and two law offices. Loss $40,000.

A NEW suspension bridge is to be erected immediately over Dunlap's Creek, at Fort Jervis, to take the place of the wooden structure built by the Erie Railway in 1852, and carried away by a flood, March 4, 1870.

GOVERNOR GEARY has appointed John Wanamaker, Esq., of Philadelphia, a commissioner to visit Great Britain and the Continent of Europe in connection with the Co-operative system in factories, mines &c., among workingmen.

COLONEL HOOTON and Hon. John Hickman, of West Chester, assert that they have discovered a substance which, at a cost of twenty cents per barrel, will preserve fruits and vegetables, a year or more as fresh as when taken from the vines or trees.

LAST week, Mr. Seth Jevore, a well known resident of Greene county, was in the hay field watching the operation of his mowing machine, and being too close to it, had one of his legs caught in the knives, severing the cords just above the foot, and cutting quite deep. The wound will probably leave him a cripple.

THERE will be held at Niagara Falls on the 26th inst., a convention of the leading manufacturers of the United States, for the purpose of organizing a National Nail Manufacturers' Association, to watch over and protect the mutual business interests. Our city will be fully represented. The nail making interest of Pittsburgh and vicinity, and which the delegates will represent perhaps as much capital as is employed in any other branch of industry in this section of country.

THE BILL for the late entertainment given the guests from Baltimore have all been settled by warrants drawn on the city controller. We have not received the figures as yet, but will lay the items before our readers at the earliest possible moment. The hotel bills as we are told by a member of the Committee were about as follows: Monongahela House $2,450; St. Charles House $530; Central House $495. These bills, including wines, cigars, etc., we think closely approximate the correct amounts.

THE Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association, composed of the leading teachers of the State, will assemble this year at Williamsport, on the 8th, 9th, and 10th, of August. Great variety of topics which will be brought forward for discussion. Arrangements have also been made for a most interesting trip to Niagara Falls. The hotel accommodations of Williamsport are, as it is well known, most excellent, and we may confidently look for a very large attendance at this meeting of the association. Pennsylvania is fast assuming the front rank in the cause of popular education.

REDIVIVUS.

An Old Case—An Officer in Trouble.

Officer Peter Dressler, of the Mayor's police, one of the best officers on the force, has gotten into trouble, and in a way that entitles him to sympathy. It seems that under Mayor McCarthy's administration a raid was organized by his clerk, Ward Nicholson, on a house in East Liberty, for the avowed purpose of obtaining some information in regard to a thief, who had attacked Dr. P. D. Perchment in his house a few evenings previous and robbed him of a watch and other valuables. The thief, however, was not secured.

Subsequently it was ascertained that Mr. Nicholson, who led the party, had no warrants for arrest, consequently the officers say he did not summoned, when it was ascertained that no bones were broken, although she had sustained severe injuries. It seems a miracle that she was not killed.

Last night the victim lay in a critical condition, internal bleeding having commenced, and it is feared she will not survive her injuries.

THE McCABE WILL.

Resolutions Passed by the Board of Managers of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum.

At a special meeting of the board of managers of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum of Pittsburgh, held July 18, 1871, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby indorse the action of Dominick Ihmsen, Esq., treasurer of the asylum, in filing a *caveat* against the alleged second will of the late James McCabe; and that he be instructed on behalf of the asylum to use all fair and honorable means to establish the legality of the first will, dated February 14, 1870, by which Mr. McCabe bequeaths seven thousand dollars unconditionally to the asylum; whereas by the so-called second will the orphans are left but five thousand dollars, coupled with the condition of releasing John C. Barr from a judgment contested by him in March, 1871, in favor of the asylum, for the sum of four thousand dollars, being amount of state apporpriation of 1868, collected by said Barr and never paid over to asylum.

By order of the board.

CHAS. F. MCKENNA, Secretary.

That Great Sale of Dry Goods at McKEE, MURPHY & Co's, 59 Market street.

PLEASANT CRITICISM.

A New Yorker's View of a Well Known Actor.

The dramatic critic of the New York *Standard* under the heading of "Across the Continent," has this to say of a fomer leading member of the stock company at the old Opera House.

Mr. Oliver Doud Byron, (or O. B. Doud,) is rather a nice-looking young man, when the blackguardly nature of the drama which has become associated with his name is taken into consideration. We call it blackguardly simply because it is full of blackguards, because its language is slang, and because it reeks of the slum, of the bar-room and the station-house. Crowds of respectable men and women in witnessing it, witness a string of criminal and disgusting scenes over which is thrown a veil of sickly and morbid sentiment—that renders them only the more repulsive. The *dramatis personæ* are gamblers, murderers, low bartenders, bad women, drunkards and ruffians of every description. The actions in which they engage, and the plot which the various dialogues are supposed to carry on, are unrelieved by one gleam of pure emotion genuinely expressed. Where the lowest slang is not employed, a species of sentimental cant, equally disgusting, takes its place. We do not know who the piece is written by, but equally disgusting, takes its place. We do not know who the piece is written by, but equally disgusting, takes its place. We do not know who the piece is written by, but